INTEGRATED RISK REPORT AS AT 31ST JANUARY 2017

Author: Risk and Assurance Manager Sponsor: Medical Director paper K

Executive Summary

Context

The BAF is the key source of evidence that links strategic objectives to risks, controls and assurances, and the main tool that the Trust Board (TB) use in seeking assurance that those internal control mechanisms are effective. The 2016/17 BAF has been developed with reference to the revised annual priorities and this report provides the TB with the position to 31st January 2017. The report also provides a summary of the organisational risk register for items scoring 15 or above (i.e. current risk rating of high and extreme).

Questions

- 1. Does the BAF provide an accurate reflection of the principal risks to our strategic objectives?
- 2. Is sufficient assurance provided that the principal risks on the BAF are being effectively controlled?
- 3. Have all agreed actions been completed within the specified target dates on the BAF?
- 4. Does the TB have knowledge of new significant operational risks opened within the reporting period?

Conclusion

- 1. Executive leads have identified principal risks affecting the achievement of our objectives. All risks have been reviewed and endorsed at the relevant Exec Board during the reporting period. Principal risk 4 Failure to deliver the national access standards has deteriorated at the end of Month 10 and the risk rating has been increased to 25 (extreme) to reflect the current position with achieving the objective.
- 2. Many of our assurance sources are based on internal monitoring and some may benefit from external scrutiny (e.g. via internal audit) to provide additional assurance that controls are effective. Many of the risks are flagged with amber assurance ratings which suggest effective controls are believed to be in place but outcomes of assurances are uncertain / insufficient.
- 3. There are a number of actions where the deadline for completion has been extended in recognition of delays being encountered. Narrative within the BAF 'action tracker' provides further detail.
- 4. There has been one new operational risk identified, one risk has increased from moderate to high and two risks have reduced from high to moderate during the reporting period.

Input Sought

We would welcome the Board's input to consider the content of the BAF and:

- (a) receive and note this report;
- (b) review this version of the 2016/17 BAF noting:
 - any gaps in assurances about the effectiveness of the controls to manage the principal risks and consider the nature of, and timescale for, any further assurances to be obtained;

• the actions identified to address any gaps in either controls and assurances (or both).

For Reference

Edit as appropriate:

1. The following **objectives** were considered when preparing this report:

Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare	[Yes]
Effective, integrated emergency care	[Yes]
Consistently meeting national access standards	[Yes]
Integrated care in partnership with others	[Yes]
Enhanced delivery in research, innovation & ed'	[Yes]
A caring, professional, engaged workforce	[Yes]
Clinically sustainable services with excellent facilities	[Yes]
Financially sustainable NHS organisation	[Yes]
Enabled by excellent IM&T	[Yes]

- 2. This matter relates to the following **governance** initiatives:
- a. Organisational Risk Register

[Yes]

If YES please give details of risk ID, risk title and current / target risk ratings.

Datix Risk ID	Operational Risk Title(s) – add new line for each operational risk	Current Rating	Target Rating	CMG
	See appendix two			

If NO, why not? Eg. Current Risk Rating is LOW

b.Board Assurance Framework

[Yes]

If YES please give details of risk No., risk title and current / target risk ratings.

Principal	Principal Risk Title	Current	Target
Risk		Rating	Rating
All BAF risks	See appendix one		

- 3. Related **Patient and Public Involvement** actions taken, or to be taken: [N/A]
- 4. Results of any **Equality Impact Assessment**, relating to this matter: [N/A]

5. Scheduled date for the **next paper** on this topic: [06/04/17]

6. Executive Summaries should not exceed **1 page**. [My paper does comply]

7. Papers should not exceed **7 pages.** [My paper does not comply]

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

REPORT TO: UHL TRUST BOARD

DATE: 2ND MARCH 2017

REPORT BY: ANDREW FURLONG – MEDICAL DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: INTEGRATED RISK REPORT (INCORPORATING UHL

BOARD ASSURANCE FRAMEWORK & RISK REGISTER

AS OF 31ST JANUARY 2017)

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 This integrated risk report will assist the Trust Board (TB) to discharge its responsibilities by providing:-

- a. A 2016/17 BAF based on the revised annual priorities.
- b. A summary of risks that are new and have increased in risk rating on the operational risk register with a score of 15 and above.

2. BAF SUMMARY

- 2.1 Executive risk owners have updated their BAF entries to reflect the progress with achieving the annual priorities for 2016/17. A copy of the 2016/17 BAF is attached at appendix one with all changes from the previous version highlighted in red text for ease of reference.
- 2.2 The TB is asked to note:
- 2.2.1 Principal risk 4 Failure to deliver the national access standards impacted by operational process and an imbalance in demand and capacity: A number of standards were failed during January, including RTT Incomplete waiting times, Cancer Access: 31 day wait for 1st treatment; 62 day wait for 1st treatment and therefore the current risk rating has been increased to an extreme rating to reflect the position and the ability to achieve the objective.
- 2.2.2 Principal risk 13 Limited capital envelope to deliver the reconfigured estate which is required to meet the Trust's revenue obligations: The likelihood score in the current risk rating has been increased due to a significant delay to the Strategic Outline Case (SOC). This is because consultation on the SOC cannot commence until the Sustainability Transformation Plan has been refreshed to reflect the Operating Plan and the refreshed Development Control Plans.

3. UHL RISK REGISTER SUMMARY

- 3.1 At the end of the reporting period, there are 44 operational risks open on the risk register scoring 15 and above. A dashboard of these risks is attached in appendix two with full details included in appendix three.
- 3.2 One new 'high' risk has been entered on the risk register during January 2017 and is described below with full details included in appendix three:

Datix ID	Risk Title	Risk Rating	CMG
2955	If system faults attributed to EMRAD are not expediently resolved, Then we will continue to expose patient to the risk of harm	16	CSI

- 3.3 Significant changes on the risk register during the reporting period include:
- 3.3.1 Current risk rating increased from moderate to high:

Datix ID	Risk Title	Risk Rating	CMG
1196	No comprehensive out of hours on call rota and PM cover for consultant Paediatric radiologists	15	CSI

3.3.2 Current risk ratings reduced from high to moderate:

Datix ID	Risk Title	Risk Rating	CMG
2969	There is a risk of failure to deliver the TAT Standards of NHS Cervical and NHS Bowel Cancer Screening programmes	12	CSI
2330	Risk of increased mortality due to ineffective implementation of best practice for identification and treatment of sepsis	12	Corporate Medical

3.4 Thematic analysis of risks scoring 15 and above on the risk register shows that the majority of risks relate to workforce capacity and capability with the potential to have an impact on harm and performance. A column to describe the thematic risk analysis aligned to the BAF is included in the risk register dashboard in appendix two.

4 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 4.1 The TB is invited to:-
 - (a) receive and note this report;
 - (b) review this version of the 2016/17 BAF noting:
 - any gaps in assurance about the effectiveness of the controls to manage the principal risks and consider the nature of, and timescale for, any further assurances to be obtained;
 - the actions identified to address any gaps in either controls or assurances (or both).

Report prepared by UHL Risk & Assurance Manager 23rd February 2017

Apprendix 1 - BAF as at 31st Jan 2017

Apprendix 1 - BAF as at 31st Jan 201 UHL	17											
Board Assurance Dashboard 2016/17	rd:	JANUARY 2017										
Strategic Objective	Risk No.	Principal Risk Description	Owner	Current Risk Rating	Target Risk Rating	Risk Movement	Assurance Rating	Executive Board Committee for Endorsement				
Safe, high quality, patient	1	Lack of progress in implementing UHL Quality Commitment.	CN	12	8	\leftrightarrow		EQB				
centered healthcare	2	Failure to provide an appropriate environment for staff/ patients	DEF	16	8	\leftrightarrow		EQB				
An excellent integrated emergency care system	3	Emergency attendance/ admissions increase without a corresponding improvement in process and / or capacity	coo	25	6	\leftrightarrow		ЕРВ				
Services which consistently meet national access standards		Failure to deliver the national access standards impacted by operational process and an imbalance in demand and capacity.	coo	25	6	↑	ЕРВ					
Integrated care in partnership with others	5	There is a risk that UHL will lose existing, or fail to secure new, tertiary referrals flows from partner organisations which will risk our future status as a teaching hospital. Failure to support partner organisations to continue to provide sustainable local services, secondary referral flows will divert to UHL in an unplanned way which will compromise our ability to meet key performance measures.	DoMC	12	8	\leftrightarrow		ESB				
		Failure to progress the Better Care Together programme at sufficient pace and scale impacting on the development of the LLR vision	DoMC	16	10	\leftrightarrow		ESB				
	7	Failure to achieve BRC status. Status awarded on 13th September 2016 - RISK CLOSED SEPT 2016.	MD	6 6		CLOSED SEPT 2016		ESB				
Enhanced delivery in research, innovation and clinical education	8	Failure to deliver an effective learning culture and to provide consistently high standards of medical education	MD / DWOD	12	6	\leftrightarrow		EWB / EQB				
		Insufficient engagement of clinical services, investment and governance may cause failure to deliver the Genomic Medicine Centre project at UHL	MD	12	6	\leftrightarrow		ESB				
1		Lack of supply and retention of the right staff, at the right time, in the right place and with the right skills that operates across traditional organisational boundaries	DWOD	16	8	\leftrightarrow		EWB / EPB				
A caring, professional and engaged workforce		Lack of system wide consistency and sustainability in the way we manage change and improvement impacting on the way we deliver the capacity and capability shifts required for new models of care	DWOD	16	8	\leftrightarrow		EWB / EPB				
1	11	Ineffective structure to deliver the recommendations of the national 'freedom to speak up review'	DWOD	12	8	\leftrightarrow		EWB / EPB				
A clinically sustainable	12	Insufficient estates infrastructure capacity may adversely affect major estate transformation programme	CFO	16	12	\leftrightarrow		ESB				
configuration of services, operating from excellent		Limited capital envelope to deliver the reconfigured estate which is required to meet the Trust's revenue obligations	CFO	20	8	1		ESB				
facilities 1	14	Failure to deliver clinically sustainable configuration of services	CFO	20	8	\leftrightarrow		ESB				
1	15	Failure to deliver the 2016/17 programme of services reviews, a key component of service-line management	CFO	9	6	\leftrightarrow	Under review	ESB				
A financially sustainable NHS Trust	16	The Demand/Capacity gap if unresolved may cause a failure to achieve UHL deficit control total in 2016/17	CFO	25	10	\leftrightarrow		ЕРВ				
1	17	Failure to achieve a revised and approved 5 year financial strategy	CFO	15	10	\leftrightarrow		ЕРВ				
Enabled by excellent	18	Delay to the approvals for the EPR programme	CIO	25	6	\leftrightarrow	EIM&T 28/02/17	EIM&T / EPB				
IM&T		Lack of alignment of IM&T priorities to UHL priorities	CIO	9	6	\leftrightarrow	EIM&T	EIM&T/				

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at:		Jan-17								
Principal risk 1:	Lack of progress in implementing 2016/17 UHL Quality Commitment									Risk owner: CN /		
Strategic objective:	Safe, high o	Safe, high quality, patient centered healthcare								wner:	CN	
Annual Priorities	To reduce I clinical star insulin. To use pati	ndards in cor ent feedback nd involved	by unwarra e services; i	anted clinica implement L nprovements	I variation the JHL EWS and sto services	sions . ation through introduction of 4 key 7 DS WS and eObs processes; and safe use of ervices and care by ensuring patients are fe planning and improve the experience of				ance Rating	Exec Boar Rating = E 03/01/17	QB
Current risk rating (I x L):	April		June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12		
Target risk rating (I x L):						4x2						
Controls: (preventive, corrective,	directive,			Assura	ssurance on effectiveness of controls					Gaps in Control / Assura		
detective)			Inte	ernal External				ernal		Cups iii (
Clinical Effectiveness		Clinical Effe				Internal Audit mortality and morbidity review						
Directive controls		SHMI scores reported to Mortality and				completed.				screened. (1.1, 1.2 and 1.3)		d 1.3)
Screen all hospital deaths		Morbidity C	Committee a	and TB, QAC	via Q&P							
Sepsis screening tool and care pathy	way	report.				Internal audit review in relation to outpatie						
Implement daily PARR 30 report to				oort to ESB/C		patient experience due completed.				manual data audit collection		
direct specialised discharge planning	g and	6 monthly 1	B report in	relation to r	mortality					(1.6)		
communication of risk with stakeho	lders	parameters										
Detective controls		monthly rev	view of mor	tality alerts	reported to					Many avoid	dable readı	missions
Hospital deaths screening tool finding	ngs % of	TB.								caused due	to factors	in the
deaths screened		UHL target	SHMI <= 99)						community	beyond in	ıfluence of
Case record review individual and th	nematic	UHL SHMI J	un 15 - Jul 1	16: 101						UHL.		
findings		Readmissio	n rate to be	e < 8.5%								
Dr Foster's Intelligence and HED dat	:a	Readmissio	ns action pl	an progress	reported					The curren	t blood glu	cose
Audit of sepsis 6 interventions		monthly to	Ward Progr	ramme Boar	d					monitoring	is not net	worked or
No. of SIs in relation to deteriorating	g patient/	Quarterly re	eport to EQ	В						linked to e	- obs (1.8)	
sepsis Readmis	ssion rates	Exception r	eports to EF	PB when rate	e over8.6%							
and findings of PARR30 tool												

	Sepsis and deteriorating patient Audit
Patient Safety	% of EWS 3+ appropriately escalated
Directive controls	of EWS 3+ screened for sepsis
7 Day service standards (including	% of "red flag" sepsis patients receiving iv
implementation of 14 hour consultant review,	antibiotics within 1 hour (threshold 90% of
diagnostics, professional standards and daily	antibiotics within 60mins)
consultant review)	Harm reviews for patients >3 hours
Tool for UHL EWS and e-obs	7 Day Services
Tool for insulin safety strategy	NHS E 7 DS quarterly self assessments
Detective control	Patient experience
Quarterly patient safety report highlighting	6% improvement on patient involvement
number of severe/ moderate harms	scores
% of deaths screened	10% improvement on care plan use and
7 DS NHSE audit returns	outpatient experience scores.
Insulin related incidents reported via Datix	Achieve 14 day correspondence standard.
Patient Experience	
Directive Control	
End of life care plans	
Use of the 5 guestions	

%

Detective Controls

uptake of EoLc training

EoLC audits of use of care plan

Outpatient group monitoring data Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:			
Mortality database to be developed (1.1)	Nov 16 March 17	MD	Networked database proving slow and difficult to use. Plan is therefore for Medical Examiner module to be incorporated into the Bereavement Services Office	3		
UHL Medical Examiners as Mortality Screeners (1.2)	July-16 Nov 16 March 17	MD	Medical Examiners screening all adult deaths at LRI. Further changes to the process made following feedback from the Registrar and Coroner. Additional cohort of Medical Examiners trained 12 Dec 16 with a view to rollout to LGH in Feb2017. GGH to follow subject to being able to identify enough ME's.	3		
Participate in National standardised mortality review process (1.3)	Apr-17	MD	UHL has registered as an early adopter and it is anticipated that this will start by April 2017. We have 6 clinicians undergoing training to be cascade trainers in Feb 17	4		

Implement EWS score to trigger sepsis care pathway and automate audit data collection for deteriorating patient (1.6)	Dec 16 March 17	MD	E-Obs now on all in-patient wards. Plan to introduce into ED in Feb 2017 and to launch sepsis track & trigger tool at end of March 2017. Further work being undertaken with Nerve Centre to automate data collection and reporting of EWS/sepsis performance	3
Incorporate PARR30 scores into ICE and Nerve Centre (1.6)	Dec 16 March 17	MD	Delay in implementation related to IT resource being directed to implementation of ED Nerve Centre. Now expected to be complete by March 17	3
Release wte discharge sister to prioritise high risk discharge planning (1.6)		MD	Action now superseded by changed organisational priorities. Resource diverted to support Red 2 Green work. It was therefore agreed that whole project to be assimilated into discharge element of Red to Green	N/A
Develop a business case to support the implementation of networked blood glucose monitoring (1.8)	Mar-17	KH/JS	Case in development working with procurement and IT	4
In Q 3 commence face to face training on the safe use of insulin - targeted at areas with the highest no. of incidents (1.9)	Mar-17	КН	Plan to deliver to high incident areas in place	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at:		Jan-17									
Principal risk 2:	Failure to provide an appropriate environment for staff/ patients								Risk owne	ner: DEF			
Strategic objective:										ownor:	CN		
•					:!!!!!				Objective of			and DAC Dation	
Annual priorities	Develop a	evelop a high quality in-house Estates and Facilities service Risk A								Risk Assurance Rating		5/02/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4X3=12	4x2=8	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16			
Target risk rating (I x L):						4:	x2=8						
Controls: (preventive, corrective,	directive,			Assura	nce on effe	tiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control /	Assurance	
detective)			Int	ernal			Ex	ternal		Gaps in	Control /	Assurance	
Preventative Control		Cleanliness audits				Annual 'Pl	_ACE' reviev	v (next due N	017). (c) Lack of detailed plans to				
Estates management infrastructure	in place	PLANET SYSTEM providing data for Estates								deliver outline plan (2.1)			
including committee structure (e.g.	Fire Safety	and 'soft' services				Annual pe	Annual peer audit/ review (next due						
Committee (Reviewed & Transform	ied), Water	SAFFRON s	ystem prov	iding data fo	or Patient	November 2016).				(a) Poor quality of transition data			
Management Committee (Reviewe	d &	feeding/ ca	tering servi	ces.						related to staff details, work			
Consulted), Waste Committee (Rev	iewed &	Internal Statutory Compliance Audit from				Compliand	ce with all a	ppropriate r	patterns, shifts, etc. (2.3)				
Transformed), IP Committee). Upda	ated water	PWC in De	cember 201	6, report du	ie in January	bodies sta	tutory requ	irements an					
policy in February 2017.		2017.				Environment Agency, Environmental Health,				(c) Vacancy levels, management			
Detective Control		Annual ERIC return to benchmark efficiency				Food Standards, HSE, etc.).				structure. Lack of training of			
IT systems to control processes and	l	against oth	ier organisa	tions (due J	uly 2016).					inherited staff. (2.4)			
performance manage.		Monthly performance reporting to EQB/ QAC				Supporting CQC Inspection actions.							
Review of Estates and facilities rela	ted	and TB in r	elation to K	PIs (Septem	ber 2016).					(c) Underfu	unding of t	the estates	
incident reports.		Triangulati	on of audit	data with ex	kternal	Local Auth	nority Enviro	onmental He	alth Officer	and facilitie	es revenue	e budget	
Service user feedback (Staff).		audits and user feedback.				(EHO inspections) - visit on 13th December			ecember	(2.5). In te	rms of the	e significance	
Weekly audits carried out by Mana	gement.	Internal Workforce targets.				2016 and 5* rating achieved.				of the impact of all the 'gaps' the			
EHO inspections.		Refresher t	raining for	food handle	ers.					potential funding shortfall carries			
Compliance KPI data monitored.		Maintenan	ce requests	escalated.		Increased Trust EHO inspections.				the biggest influence on the risk			

Directive Control

Outline plan in place for developing Estates and Facilities Service:

0 - 3 months - Maintain safe services
0-9 months - enhanced compliance and assurance systems and new structures developed and ready for implementation.

0-18 months - Review, develop and optimise quality of services.

Refresher training for food handlers
Maintenance requests escalated.

Corrective Control

Escalation processes for deteriorating standards/ performance

Weekly audits carried out by Management. Increased Trust EHO inspections.
Annual compliance Audit programme developed for 2017/18 running from 1/04/2017 to 31/03/2018. This will support the Premises Assurance Model (PAM) and Estates Return Information Collection (ERIC) returns to the Department of Health.

Water Management Audit carried out in December 2016 by external specialists. Final report due in February 2017. External Piped Medical Gas audit completed in January 2017 by the Trust's Independent Authorising Engineer. This will be reported through MedOC.

score in terms of likelihood. The current level of underfunding can only be marginally mitigated through efficiencies.

Inherited sub-optimal systems and inconsistent information retention records (2.6).

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Develop detailed plans to cover 18 month review programme (2.1)	Dec 16 Feb 17	DEF	E&F Compliance Team remodelled to incorporate TUPE staff. Compliance work plan, JDs and processes developed to maximise compliance output and assurance.	з
Clean up ELI data and evaluate shift patterns, rotas, etc. (2.3)	Sep 16 Dec 16 Feb 17	DEF	Major payroll/HR exercise undertaken. Minimal issues with pay - 3 clear months reviewed. All rotas evaluated - new proposals being prepared	3
KPI's to be developed for service delivery at 3 levels - National indicators; Trust indicators; Internal Divisional targets (2.2)	Oct 16 Feb 17	DEF	Currently being discussed with Service Users, external partners, etc. Continuing work on KPI's	3
Comprehensive "on-boarding" events to be organised and training needs evaluated and planned (2.4)	Complete	DEF	Staff Road shows completed. Staff inductions c95% complete. LiA events scheduled for Sept 16. Training programme in development with dedicated OD support.	5
Recruit into vacancies, replace lost hours into cleaning/catering services, restructure management team. (2.4)	Review Jan 17 March 17	DEF	Recruitment campaign underway - dedicated events held. Staff offered hours back for cleaning/catering. Senior management team re-structure through MoC. Outline apprenticeship programme in development. Tiered management structures under development. Key Estates Specialist Services staff identified and training plan underway.	4

Identify investment required to address fundamental issues with layout of equipment and equipment replacement/additions (2.5)	Sep 16 Dec 16 Feb 17		Initial condition survey completed - further in-depth survey required to review insulation within walls. All minor works identified as requiring attention completed. New equipment now in place - i.e. refrigeration/oven. Final report on in depth survey to identify cause of condensation awaited. Revisit by local authority EHO on 13th December 2016 and 5* rating achieved	3
Inherited sub-optimal systems and inconsistent information retention records (2.6).	Review March 17	DEF	Task and finish group set up to review record management and retention and implement new systems.	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as a	t:	Jan-17									
Principal risk 3:				ns increase	without a co	respondir	ng improven	ent in	Risk own	er:		k, Director of	
	process an	d / or capa	icity								_	ncy Care and	
Causa e de la calicación	A		and integrated emergency care system										
Strategic objective:											COO		
Annual Priorities	Fully utilise (including I Develop a d delivery an	e ambulato CS). clear unde d to inforn	mbulatory care to reduce emergency admissions and reduce length of stay							rance Rating		Exec Board RAG Rating = EPB: 21/02/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
J. ,	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25			
Target risk rating (I x L):							3x2=6						
Controls: (preventive, correct	tive, directive,			Assuı	ance on effe	tiveness o	of controls				0		
detective)			Int	ternal			Ex	cternal		Gaps in	Control /	Assurance	
Directive / Preventative Contro	ols	ED 4 hour	r wait perfor	mance (thr	eshold 95%)	National benchmarking of emergency care				(c)Lack of			
NHS '111' helpline						data			attendance		•		
GP referrals					pe primarily				winter surge capacity / Discharge				
Local/ National communication	campaigns	1	increased E				•	rd chaired by	plan (3.1)				
Winter surge plan		_	cy admission					y NHSE and I					
Triage by Lakeside Health (from			ed to by staf	•	(staff		ogressed by		Lack of capacity to operate (3.2)				
all walk-in patients to ED. (redu		sickness a	and vacancie	s)		impleme	ntation grou	ıp.					
by 50% May 2016 and ceases N	•												
Urgent Care Centre (UCC) now	managed by			d admission	is (compared			ed in Novemb					
UHL from 31/10/15		to previou				support of	delivery ove	r the next 12	months.				
Admissions avoidance directory			ase in emerg			l							
Reworking of LLR urgent care R	AP- as detailed	/% increa	ise in total A	&E attenda	nces.			12 & 13 Janu	iary,				
in COO report	1.1.1.1.1.1.0	.		/il l l . l	0.1.1.	including	external ED	consultant					
Bed capacity demand for 16/17				•	0 delays over								
updated to show the bed gap b	•		29.0% over 3		% over			nce handove	r				
Red to Green (R2G) to eliminate	e delays in our	60mins, 2	2.1% over 12	U mins		improver	ment plan in	piace.					
processes.		I				I				I			

Detective Controls Q&P report monitoring ED 4-hour waits, ambulance handover >30 mins and >60 mins, total attendances / admissions. UCB RAP being revised to ensure priority on decreasing attendance and admissions Comparative ED performance summaries showing total attendances and admissions.	Difficulties continue in accessing b ED leading to congestion in ED and ambulance handover.					
Action tracke	er:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	!	Status
New LLR AE recovery plan to be progressed (as through the new AE recovery board. (3.1)	per the action dates on the plan)	See plan	See plan	Plan has been produced New AE implementation group started 12.10 Recovery plan updated fortnightly by SROs, a monitored via EQSG fortnightly. New high impact actions to be confirmed, for key areas for delivery. RAP to continue as an improvement action plan.	and ocusing on 4	4
Move to new build (3.2)		March 17 24/04/17	LG / CF	Operational plan for moving the service to no in place. On-going discussions with work stream leads workforce and HR, to ensure pathways are up	ls, including	3

staff engaged in new processes prior to opening.

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated	version as at	t:	Jan-17										
Principal risk 4		to deliver the national access standards impacted by operational process and an nce in demand and capacity. Risk own									Director Performa	Will Monaghan, Director Of Performance And nformation		
Strategic objective:	Services v	vhich consis	tently mee	t national a	ccess standard	ls			Objective					
Annual Priorities	Maintain	18-week RT	T and diag		s standard cor					ance Rating				
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March		
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	5x5=25				
Target risk rating (I x L):						3 x	2 = 6							
Controls: (preventive, corrective)	e, directive,		I		rance on effe	ctiveness of		xternal		Gaps in	Control /	Assurance		
Detective Controls RTT incomplete waiting times, car and diagnostic standards reported report to TB Corrective controls Insourcing of external consultant of the deliver additional sessions. Outsourcing of elective work to in sector providers. Productivity improvements in-hou Additional premium expenditure whouse.	d via Q&P staff to dependent use.	92%). 90.9 Diagnostic position at Cancer Ac 2WW for 93.1% Acl 31 day wat 96%). 89.9 31 day wat treatment (Drugs - the (Surgery - (Radiother Achieved. 62 day wat 85%). 80%	rugs - threshold 98%). 98% Achieved. urgery - threshold 94%). 90% Failed. adiotherapy - threshold 94%). 94%				NHS Improduction of the control of t	on plan mana evement and e call with No in relation to re due in qua and January 20 ured the action Cancer plan.	the CCG. TDA. o waiting rter 4 016. on plans in	backlog rec capacity ar capacity in (c) insuffici undertake required to (c) Referral capacity gr	control / Assurance progress on 62 day fluction due to ITU/HDI d gaps in clinical key specialties (4.1). ent theatre staff to additional sessions match growth (4.3). growth outmatching owth. 12.1% YTD rease versus 2014/15			
	Action track	ker:			Due date	Owner		P	Progress upd	ate:		Status		

Sustained achievement of 85% 62 day standard (4.1)	Nov 16 Jan 17 March 17		62 day backlog reduction currently off trajectory. Implementation of 'Next Steps' for cancer patients in key tumour sites to start end February 2016. Sustainable ability to meet the 62 day standard will not be achieved until the Trust has 2 consecutive months with no outliers. Actions below and mitigating steps outlined to support in achieving this. Continued medical outliers over winter in January, 62 day performance improved continue to improve in January. Adjusted backlog at 40	3
Development of ITU additional capacity plan including increased frequency of step downs. (4.1)	Review Sept 16 Jan 17 March 17	HofOps ITAPS	Daily escalation of predicted surgical and medical step down at Gold Command to aid discharges. Plan to open additional physical beds pending nurse staffing recruitment. Continuing to actively pursue recruitment opportunities for both medical and nursing to get additional beds open at the LRI.	3
Development of plan for closing the known theatre capacity Gap in 16/17 (4.3)	Review J an 17 Feb 17	COO to allocate	Executive decision taken to cancel non cancer non urgent electives between 8th and 19th February including ceasing WLIs and insourced capacity until end of financial year that does not achieve financial balance. This extra capacity intrinsically linked to the services actions plans. The longer term impact on RTT performance is likely to be an reduction between 2-5% at the end of the financial year	3
Serving Activity query Notices to the commissioners (4.4)	Review Nev 16 Apr 17	DPI	Reviewed at Monthly Cancer RTT board with commissioners. New Planned Care Delivery Group chaired by DPI to start from January 2017. Aim of demand management, Referral Management Hub – including the use of PRISM. Low Priority Treatments left shift – to maximise community facilities. Reduced referrals resulting from demand management will have a downstream impact unlikely to realised until start of 2017/18.	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as at	: 	Jan-17									
Principal risk 5:	partner org partner org flows will o	s a risk that UHL will lose existing, or fail to secure new, tertiary referral flows from organisations which will risk our future status as a teaching hospital. Failure to support organisations to continue to provide sustainable local services, secondary referral will divert to UHL in an unplanned way which will compromise our ability to meet key mance measures.								Risk owner:		Director of Marketing and Comms (DoMC). Updates by John Currington	
Strategic objective:	Integrated	care in par	tnership witl	n others					Objective	owner:	DoMC		
Annual priorities	service pro	viders to de							Risk Assu	rance Rating		G Rating = 14/02/17)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12			
Target risk rating (I x L):						4	x2=8						
Controls: (preventive, corrective)	ve, directive,		Int	Assura ernal	ance on effec	tiveness of I		xternal		Gaps in Control / Assurance			
Directive Controls NHS England Five Year Forward V the national strategic direction. UHL Business Decision Process. UHL/NUH Children's Services Coll Group. Partnership Board for Specialised established in Northamptonshire includes Northants CCGs; NHS En NGH and UHL. Tripartite Working Group UHL/NU ULHT/UHL Urology Steering Grou SEMOC Steering Group. Memorandum of Understanding work programmes. SLAs in place for all partnerships. Tertiary Partnership Strategy. Individual service strategies. service level strategies and engage	aborative Services Membership gland; KGH; JH/ULHT. p. (MoU) for key	Steering Gregisters r Board. UHL Tertia ESB Monti Statistical performar Quarterly (ROSS).	Group work preporting to arry Partnersh	orogrammes UHL Tertiary nips Board re trol (SPC). F ed (vascular	and risk Partnership eporting to Reporting of only).	Compliand specificati	ce with nati	vices contrac fonal service andards, ews (e.g. peer		strategies (5.1) (a) SPC Re	and enga	d service level gement plans equired for ses. (5.3) 's services (5.4)	

prioritised.			
Detective/Corrective Controls			
UHL Tertiary Partnerships Board.			
Tertiary partnership work-programme.			
Horizon scanning: NHS England (local and			
national); NICE; SCN; AHSN; NHS Networks.			
SPC reporting.			
Quarterly review of specialised services (ROSS).			
Systematic review of the children's services.			
	Dua		

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
(5.1) Apply criteria in Tertiary Partnership Strategy to prioritise service lines.	Feb 17 April 17	JC	The first priority strategy area is Cardiac Surgery with others to follow. Cardiac strategy to go to the CMG Board in March 2017; then to ESB.	4
(5.3) Statistical Process Control Reporting to be developed for other priority services.	Sep-16 Nov 16 Feb 17 Complete	JC	Completed February 2017.	5
(5.4) Complete a systematic review of the children's services portfolio against set criteria, prioritise and allocate each service into one of three groups: provided by both Trusts; one Trust to lead; neither Trust to provide.	Sep-17	JC	Underway	4

Principal risk 6:		to progress the Better Care Together programme at sufficient pace and scale impacting Risk of development of the LLR vision, now captured within the STP							Risk owner	isk owner:		Director of Marketing and Comms (DoMC)	
Strategic objective:	Integrated	care in par	are in partnership with others Objective										
Annual priorities		•	artners to deliver year 3 of the Better Care Together programme to ensure we nake progress towards the LLR vision (including formal consultation).						Risk Assura	ince Rating	ESB RAG Rating = (Date: 14/02/17)		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
Target risk rating (I x L):	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16 (5=10	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16			
Controls: (preventive, corrective)	e. directive.			Assı	urance on effe								
detective)	-,,		Ir	iternal				ternal		Gaps in	Control	/ Assurance	
Directive Controls Draft STP Plan for 20/21, which but BCT 5 Year Plan. New governance arrangements, in new System Leadership Team (SLT programme board with membershive NHS partner organisations and upper tier local authorities, a programanagement office, and multi-age (that include senior UHL represent progress each work stream of the Integrated Teams Programme Boat A new System Stakeholder Forum open to all members of Trust and open to all members of Trust and	cluding a) as a joint hip from the d the three ramme ency boards ration) to STP (i.e. rd) (SSF) will be CCG Boards,	mitigating number o namely Tr Reconfigu Plans and aligned to	g actions) re f internal be ust Board, I ration Prog assumption STP (in tern	ceived and coards and coerds and coerds and coerds are seen to be considered and coerds are coerds and coerds are coerds and coerds and coerds and coerds and coerds and coerds	ard. ped base	PPI Group Clinical Se Partnersh Externally known as Pre-consu considere including a authoritie consultati	nate (externip). commission Gateway Re Itation busind and signed CCG Boards, s etc. Ultima on sits with	nal to the LLR ned Health ch	ecks (also BC) er boards, irds, local o go to - NHS	be delivering impact on consignificant in currently lad dashboard making it do stream lead (c) Potential assumption contracting (c) Lack of vengagement / programm	ng the and demand, risk for U locks a produced to distribute to account the procession the procession of STP nes) acro	which is a HL. The STP gramme track progres hold work ount (6.1). nce from STP planning and (6.2) and work stream ss the wider	
the Health and Wellbeing Boards f Clinical Leadership Group, HealthV organisations within LLR, and PPI I	Vatch						ovement wh Trust plans	ien reviewing	and	(c) Lack of f	funding ir	the STP for	

UHL governance arrangements include a Reconfiguration Programme Board and associated sub-committees / boards and work streams i.e. major capital business cases, estates, IM&T, Future Operating Model etc.

Detective Controls

Progress updates against pre-defined plans presented to both multi-agency boards and individual partner boards.

Downside scenario ("excess demand") has been worked up to ensure stakeholders internal and external - are sighted to the risks of 'demand outstripping our capacity' New STP governance arrangements will strengthen controls - a more collaborative set of delivery and leadership arrangements have been established across the LLR health and care community.

transformational costs (6.4)

(a) Inability to deliver central control totals, making it more difficult to balance the LLR STP-financially (6.5)

(c) the LLR system is not in equilibrium, which is not fully reflected in the STP

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
(6.1) Finalise governance and reporting arrangements once STP work programmes are suitably developed - there is a need for a clear, detailed implementation plan, to operationalise the STP.	Sept 16 Nov 16 Dec 16 Apr 2017		Broader arrangements for Assurance will form part of the new governance arrangements put in place for STP implementation, namely the STP Work stream updates that will be considered by the SLT each month.	3
(6.2) An internal STP Coordination Group has been established (chaired by John Adler) to oversee the process of bringing the STP and contracting assumptions together as much as possible	Jan 17 Complete		Operational Plans (and contracting strategy) finalised and submitted / contracts signed	5
(6.2) Consider how we better balance risk and control within the plan and contract to encourage the right behaviours / mutual incentives	Jan 17 Complete		Contract negotiations have concluded. In addition, a downside scenario ("excess demand") has been worked up to ensure stakeholders - internal and external - are sighted to the risks of 'demand outstripping our capacity'	

(6.3) Undertake mapping exercise of governance arrangements (specifically the various meetings, internal and external, now in place) relating to STP Delivery in order to check we have the right representation and necessary alignment to emerging priorities i.e. integration	Feb 17 March 17	MW	Work has commenced - paper due to the March ESB	4
(6.4) Continue to lobby for the 'transformation' element of STF monies to be released as soon as possible given the requirement for investment	Mar-17	JA & PT	UHL (and commissioners) have continued to raise this centrally	4
(6.5) Submit a financial plan in line with the Trust's existing LTFM, which includes a £5m improvement in 17/18 and 18/19	Dec 16 Mar 17 Complete	PT	Financial plan finalised and submitted to NHSI, accounting for the revised 16/17 FOT	5
(6.6) Work with partners to bolster existing plans as well as looking at new possibilities, particularly around the integration agenda	Apr-17	MW	Our approach and priorities for integration are currently being developed, aligned to the emerging work within STP programmes such as Integrated Teams	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	RISK CLO	SED SEPT 201	6						
Principal risk 7:			C status. Th		awarded BRC	status 13/09	/2016 the	erefore	Risk ow	vner:	r: Nigel Brun	
Strategic objective:					d clinical educ	cation			Objecti	ective owner: MD		
Annual Priorities	Deliver a s	uccessful b	oid for a Bio	medical Rese	earch Centre				Risk Assurance Rating		Exec Board RAG Rating = (ESB 11/10/16)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x2=6	Risk	mitigated to t	arget rati	ng and this risk (closed on BA	F in Sept
Target risk rating (I x L):						3x	2=6					
Controls: (preventive, corrective	, directive,			Assu	rance on effe	ctiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control / A	ssurance
detective)			1	nternal				xternal		Gaps III	Control / A	ssurance
Directive Controls Each BRU has a strategy document Preventive Controls UHL R&I supportive role to BRUs by with Universities (Joint Strategic Me Good working relationships betwee University partners Good track record of attracting sub studies Contracting and innovation team. Work with Medipex to commerciali projects/ ideas. Detective Controls Financial monitoring of BRUs via An Corrective controls UHL to provide funding from extern for targeted posts if necessary	eeting) en UHL and jects into se our nual Repor	reported assurance reported Financial Highest r and 7th r	to UHL Join e. In addition to each BRI performan	ce and acade at Strategic m on financial p U Executive I ce currently rust in the Ea	neetings for performance Board. on plan.	University a		erformance f data				
A	ction track	er:			Due date	Owner			Progress u	ıpdate:		Status
All actions complete - BRC status ac	hieved											

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at:		Jan-17									
Principal risk 8:	Failure to o		fective learr	ning culture a	ind to provi	de consisten	ly high star	ndards of	Risk owne	r:	Educatio Tibbert,	ue Carr, Medical ducation /Louise ibbert, Director of Vorkforce & OD	
•		•	•	ovation and	clinical educ	cation.			Objective (owner:	MD/DW		
Annual priorities	Improve the retention, and Develop transfer.	g, professional and engaged workforce re the experience of our medical students to enhance their training and improve on, and help to introduce the new University of Leicester Medical Curriculum. p training for New and Enhanced Roles i.e. Physician's Associates, Advanced Nurse ioners, Clinical Coders								ance Rating	Exec Board RAG Rating = EQB 07/02/2017		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12			
Target risk rating (I x L):						3x	2=6						
Controls: (preventive, corrective,	directive,			Assura	nce on effe	ctiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control	Assurance	
detective)			Internal External							Gaps III	Control	Assurance	
Delivery of Clinical, Non-Clinical and Education Directive Controls Medical Education Strategy Non-Medical Education Strategy Apprenticeship Attraction Strategy Operational guidance TB, EWB & EPB scrutiny / challenge of Education issues Medical Workforce Strategy Medical Education Committee Medical Workforce Policy. NED - Colonel (Retd) Iain Crowe has appointed to support Clinical Education Quality Improvement Plan for Under and Postgraduate Education and Tra	of Medical been tion. rgraduate	Trainer rec Safe Learni Support an	ognition da ing Environr id Developm entor Suppo	nent. nent of Train		improvemeraised. Leicester M Student Su National St GMC visit in 2017. UK Founda medical stu choice for F 70% LNR Fo	nal trainee sent but some ledical Schoorvey) - poor udent Surven Dec 2016 tion Program dents chose coundation yudirectly to	survey resure areas of cool feedback performaney 2016 formal repumme - 19% e LNR as the training an ear 2 docto	c (National ce in ort due early of Leicester eir first d that of the rs who aining – only	(8.3) (feedl (c) Lack of / Education/ & a) (c) Reducti (SIFT) (8.4)	trainer ro ality train back) availabilit training f	oles (8.2) ing delivery y of	

Detective Controls
Medical Education Quality Dashboard mapped
to GMC Promoting Excellence Standards
UHL trainee surveys.
CMG Medical Education Leads meetings and
reports
University Dean's report.
Department of Clinical Education risk register.

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
UHL Appraisal of GMC recognised trainer roles (8.2)	Aug-17		Working with UHL Appraisal Lead Mary Mushambi - framework and education sessions developed already	4
Implementation of Listening into Action Quick Wins and Longer Term Actions across Education Specific LiA Pioneering Programmes - LiA Summary (8.3)	Mar-17		Implementation monitored by Associated Sponsor Groups (including external partners such as the University of Leicester as appropriate) and progress reported to UHL LiA Sponsor Group	4
Develop & Implement Education Facilities Business Case (8.4)	Mar-17	1	Project Group established, SRO and Project Manager appointed. Work commenced on developing Business Case	4
Implementation of Enabling Work Programme for Future Education of Health and Social Care Provision / Workforce Attraction and Recruitment (8.4)	Mar-17		Implementation monitored by newly established LWAB and LWAG at monthly intervals	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	Jan-17									
Principal risk 9:	Insufficien	t engagem	ent of clinica	al services, i	nvestment ar	d governan	ce may caus	e failure to	Risk own	k owner: Nig		ligel Brunskill, DoRaD	
				entre project									
Strategic objective:	Enhanced	delivery in	research, in	inovation an	d clinical edu	cation			Objective	owner:	MD		
Annual priorities	Support th	the development of the Genomic Medical Centre a					on Medicine	Institute	Risk Assu	rance Rating		rd RAG Rating 14/02/17)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	May June July August		Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March		
	4x4=16	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12			
Target risk rating (I x L):							3x2=6						
Controls: (preventive, corrective	e, directive,			Assu	rance on effe	ctiveness o	f controls						
detective)			lr	nternal		İ	Ex	ternal		Gaps in	Control	/ Assurance	
Directive Controls		Monthly	and annual	trajectory fo	r recruitmen	t Eastern E	ngland Gend	mic Centre i	monitoring	(c) Ineffec	tive recr	uitment into	
Director of R&I meets with key CN	1G managers			, ,			cruitment t		J	studies att			
to ensure engagement.	•							,		research st	aff (9.1)		
Genomic Medicine Centre (GMC)	CMG leads	Currently	we are sligl	htly below tr	rajectory for								
for Cancer and rare diseases		rare disea	ases but this	s is improvin	g. New								
New pathway for samples initiate	d with	pathway	for samples	initiated wit	th Genomic								
Genomic Medicine Centre at Cam	bridge	Medicine	Centre at C	Cambridge to	resolve								
(previously Nottingham).		issues											
Preventive Controls													
Engagement with CMGs via comm	is strategy												
including weekly national and loca	ıl (i.e. UHL)												
news letters													
Contracting and innovation team													
Work with Medplex to help comm	ercialise our												
projects ideas													
IT service agreement in place													
Detective Controls													
Research study subject recruitmen		(
sufficient income depends upon n	_												
recruitment thresholds). Monitor Steering Committee and UHL Exec	•												

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
(9.1) Engagement of CMGs with process	June 16 Sep - 16 Dec 16 March 17		DRI and MD leading on engagement programme. Meetings to discuss future workforce plans continue with Clinical Genetics and the W&C CMG Management. Initial meeting has taken place between DRI, CD for W&C	3
(9.1) Recruitment against trajectories	June 16 Sep - 16 Dec 16 March 17		Recruitment for rare diseases continues above trajectory. Cancer arm has started and is moving toward trajectory. GMC Team staffing issues -both nurses now back from sick leave; new research assistant staring; NHS England Coordinator post - 4 candidates shortlisted for interview. Lung samples - as numbers increase chances of cabinet contamination with TB increase (equipment time out for decontamination) - new cabinet ordered. Remain on trajectory for rare diseases and cancer despite reduced activity over Christmas holiday. Pathology have increased hours of a BMS to work on the project. Rare diseases continues above trajectory. Cancer is approaching trajectory. The GMC as a whole is above trajectories. Capital funding from NHS England used to purchase -80C freezer for Glenfield (for Breast, lung tissues) and contribution to cut-up bench/safety cabinet with Pathology.	3

	Due	Owner	1
Exit Interviews Process			improvement (10a.4)
Detective controls			exit interviews requires
BREAT COMMUNICATION 1 IUI	leaving on E		Take-up and response rate to
BREXIT Communication Plan	leaving UHL		(100.3)
Address BREXIT workforce implications Directive controls	Measuring no. of EU Nationals working /		(10a.3)
Address BREVIT workforce implications			Lack of National Guidance
KPIs monitored via training providers	Local staff support sessions in place		
Detective controls			
with extreme providers			
Bi-monthly contract performance meetings	Currently on track with all KPIs		
colleges of FE and private providers)		(WRES) report to NHS England	
Working with external training providers (e.g.		Workforce, Race and Equality Statement	
Preventative controls			
Monthly Diversity working group	diversity action plan - currently on track		
Quality and Diversity action Plan	Achievement of milestones within Quality and		
Directive controls			
workforce	public website		
Develop a more inclusive and diverse	diversity reported to TB and published on UHL		
	Annual workforce report on quality and		1

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
10a.1 - Resourcing strategy to be developed	Dec 16 March 16	DWOD	Being developed through the Resourcing Board. LLR Recruitment and Attraction group established - Action plan agreed and in place. Developing overarching framework for LLR Strategy to ensure alignment at UHL.	3
10a. 2 - LWAG time out to clearly define workforce OD role on Clinical Work streams	Feb-17	DWOD	Attended time out on 11 Jan 2017 and pack and role descriptors being put together. STP Lab Event planned for 9 February 2017 in setting out next steps.	4
10a.3 - Action unclear until informal negotiations have taken place once article 51 has been invoked.	ТВС	DWOD	Awaiting national guidance - invoking of article 51 still to be invoked- FAQ's developed and shared to be clear on current status and position for individuals.	4
10a.4 Improve take up and response rate to exit interviews	Mar-17	DWOD	Promotion of take up being developed through CMG's and incorporated within Monthly IFPIC Report.	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	at:	Jan-17										
Principal risk 10b:	improvem	Lack of system wide consistency and sustainability in the way we manage change and mprovement impacting on the way we deliver the capacity and capability shifts required for new models of care							Risk owner:		DoWD	DoWD		
Strategic objective:	A caring, p	orofessiona	al and enga	ged workfo	rce				Objective	owner:	DoWD			
Annual priorities	engageme Develop t	ent and a co	onsistent ap new and er	pproach to	the UHL Way, change and de es, i.e. Physici	velopment			Risk Assu	rance Rating	nce Rating EPB RAG Rating = 21/02/17			
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March		
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16				
Target risk rating (I x L):		1					1x2=8			1				
Principal risk 10:					urance on effe	ctiveness o				Gaps in	Control	/ Assurance		
				nternal			E	xternal						
Develop Integrated Workforce Str	ategy			neasure wo	rkforce							ing for new		
Directive Controls		strategy.		5 1 .						and enhan	ced roles	(10b.1)		
LWAB - Local Workforce Advisory E		_		_	- Develop a									
LWAG - Local Workforce Advisory (•			d capability	• .									
Workforce enabling group (strateg Executive Workforce Board	ic)			tion and Red										
Local Education and Training Group	n		-	d the syster	he ability to									
New roles group	þ	•	-	-	Social Care									
Apprenticeship attraction strategy		Provision		or ricaltif &	Social Care									
LLR Apprenticeship Attraction Strategy	tegv		•	velopment	and Change.									
Detective Controls	61	31 3 18um	54	тогорот	and enanger									
Workforce Enabling Plan														
G		Measure	s against so	chedule of a	ctivities for th	e East Midl	ands Leade	rship Academ	ıy.					
Deliver yr1 implementation 'The I	UHL Way'	4 compo	-				Leicestershire Improvement Innovation							
Directive controls	,	1. Better	r engageme	ent		Patient Sa	afety Forun	n.						
Executive Workforce Board		2. Better	r teams											
Internal Governance Structure esta	ablished	3. Better	r change											
UHL Way Steering Group		4. Acade	emy											
UHL 'LiA' Sponsor group														
Detective Controls		UHL Puls												
Schedule of activities for each com	ponent of	National	Staff Surve	y data										
'The UHL Way'														

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
10b.1 - Implementation of Enabling Works Programmes (across the system):- Strategic Workforce Planning - Develop a view of capacity and capability changes; Workforce Attraction and Recruitment; Staff Mobility – Developing the ability to move people around the system; Future Education of Health & Social Care Provision; and Organisational Development and Change.	Mar-17		Progress monitored by LLR Local Workforce Advisory Board and Local Workforce Advisory Group. Work completed on interdependencies between enabling and clinical work streams. Next LWAG meeting scheduled to take place on 20 February 2017.	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	Jan-17								
Principal risk 11:	Ineffective review'	structure	to deliver t	he recomme	endations of tl	ne national	'freedom t	o speak up	Risk owner:		DoWD	
Strategic objective:	A caring, p	rofessiona	l and engage	ed workforc	e				Objective	Objective owner: Dov		
Annual priorities			ndations of orting cultur		o Speak Up" R	eview to fu	ırther prom	ote a more	Risk Assı	urance Rating	EPB RAG Rating = 21/02/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April 4 x 4 = 1 6	May 4x4=16	June 4x4=16	July 4x3=12	August 4X3=12	Sept 4X3=12	Oct 4X3=12	Nov 4x3=12	Dec 4x3=12	Jan 4x3=12	Feb	March
Target risk rating (I x L):							<2=8					
Controls: (preventive, corrective detective)	e, directive,		In	Assur Iternal	rance on effec	tiveness of		ternal		Gaps in	Control / A	Assurance
Directive controls UHL Whistle blowing policy Freedom to speak up internal police Executive Quality Board Executive Workforce Board Quality Assurance Committee Resources agreed and business cast the plan in place. Local Guardian appointed (Freedorup). Detective controls No. of whistleblowing reported iss 3636 / gripe tool etc) Project plan with milestones for frespeak up	se to deliver m to speak ues (via eedom to	reporting	Whistleblow	• .							o comply w dations (11	
Į.	Action track	er:			Due date	Owner		Р	rogress up	date:		Status
Governance structure to be developed for Freedom to speak up. 11.1					Sep 16 Oct 16 March 17	DoWD		in role to full		y will take plac ne governance		3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as at	::	Jan-17									
Principal risk 12:	Insufficient programm		frastructure	capacity ma	y adversely a	affect majo	r estate tra	nsformation	Risk own	Risk owner:		DEF	
Strategic objective:	A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities Object										owner: CFO		
Annual priorities	Complete and open Phase 1 of the new Emergency Floor Deliver our reconfiguration business cases for vascular and I services)									Risk Assurance Rating		ESB RAG Rating = (ESB 14/2/17)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16			
Target risk rating (I x L):						4X3	3=12						
Controls: (preventive, corrective	, directive,			Assura	nce on effec	tiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control / A	ssurance	
detective)			Int	ternal			Ex	ternal		Gaps III	Control / A	issurance	
UHL reconfiguration programme g structure aligned to BCT Reconfiguration investment progrademands linked to current infrastr Estates work stream to support reconfiguration established Five year capital plan and individual business cases identified to support reconfiguration Property / Space Management - clinon clinical schedules in place Detective Controls Survey to identify high risk element engineering and building infrastruct Monthly report to Capital Investm Monitoring committee to track programs capital backlog and capital Regular reports to Executive Performant (EPB). Highlight reports developed month reported to the UHL Reconfiguration Programme Board. Weekly Capital (Strategic and Open	irective Controls HL reconfiguration programme governance ructure aligned to BCT sconfiguration investment programme schedule Emands linked to current infrastructure. Schedule Corporate knowledge on infrisks now part of UHL E&F to Various projects to establish delivery programme aligned reconfiguration and demand modelling where possible. Schedule For emands linked to current infrastructure. Schedule Corporate knowledge on infrisks now part of UHL E&F to Various projects to establish delivery programme aligned reconfiguration and demand modelling where possible. Schedule For emands linked to current infrastructure. Schedule Corporate knowledge on infrisks now part of UHL E&F to Various projects to establish delivery programme aligned reconfiguration and demand modelling where possible. Schedule For emands linked to current infrastructure. Schedule Corporate knowledge on infrisks now part of UHL E&F to Various projects to establish delivery programme aligned reconfiguration and demand modelling where possible. Schedule For emands linked to current infrastructure. Schedule Corporate knowledge on infrisks now part of UHL E&F to Various projects to establish delivery programme aligned reconfiguration and demand modelling where possible. Schedule For emands linked to current infrastructure. Schedule For emands linked t		On track aga on infrastru E&F team. tablish revise iligned to emand and d	inst revised cture and ed capital	Premises A Capita Eng Phase 1: w under revid Phase 2 - w Water mar December January 20 Internal St	Assurance Nineering Rewhere are we by E&F swhere do was 2017, the altr. atutory Cor	eport in two pender	ohases - eived and and plan out in s due in	Overall pro- identified t and timeso (12.2) Dedicated yet to be d alongside r business ca	o show opt ales in relat Infrastructu eveloped to najor recon	ions, costs cion to risks. ure Project		

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Identification of investment required and allocation of capital funding to develop a programme of works (12.2)	See Phase I & II below	DEF	Prioritisation of backlog capital once 2016/17 annual capital resources confirmed by IFPIC. Phasing options to be included with further programme to be developed once capital availability is confirmed. A paper was presented to Reconfiguration Board on 2 November 2016 where it was agreed to form an Infrastructure Project Board supported by technical work streams. These work streams will prioritise the development of an investment strategy linked to the refresh of the DCP's which is currently underway. Work still in progress to develop capital investment	4
Programme of works phase I (12.2)	Feb-17	DEF	Phase 1 - Review of infrastructure requirements following outputs from refreshed DCP	4
Programme of works phase II (12.2)	Jun-17	DEF	Phase II - Identify areas of investment and develop high level costs to develop an OBC	4
Capital plan C /D Includes an allocation of £1.5m which will support the reconfiguration infrastructure. (12.5)	ТВА	DEF	Confirmation of programme Q2 expected. Work being scoped. It is now unlikely that any funding for plan D will be forthcoming this financial year. Attention has now switched to firm up capital requirements for next financial year. Investment programme timescale will be influenced by availability of capital finding i.e. CRL or External Funding	3
Rectification of any major non-compliance issues	Review monthly to March 17	DEF	Substitution as part of 2016/17 Capital Plan in place if required or covered by existing backlog allocation. Revenue rectifications undertaken by E&F Team. The Capita reports make a number of investment recommendations associated with condition and compliance. These will be evaluated and prioritised by the infrastructure technical work streams and included in the capital investment plans for 2017/18.	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at:		Jan-17								
Principal risk 13:		oital envelo enue obliga	•	r the reconf	igured estat	e which is r	equired to	meet the	Risk owne	r:	CFO	
Strategic objective:	A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities Objective o										CFO	
Annual priorities	clinical sco		er projects e	_		's Hospital, progress with the displayment displayment displayment displayment.			Risk Assurance Rating		ESB RAG Rating = (ESF 14/2/17)	
Current risk rating (I x L):		May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4x5=20	4x4=16	4x3=12	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x5=20		
Target risk rating (I x L):						4x	2=8				•	•
Controls: (preventive, corrective	, directive,			Assura	nce on effec	tiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control / A	ccuranco
detective)			Int	ernal			Ex	ternal		Gaps in Control / Assurance		
Five year capital plan and individu business cases identified to supporeconfiguration Business case development is overstrategy directorate and business boards manage and monitor indivischemes. Capital plan and overarching progreconfiguration is regularly review executive team. Detective Controls Capital Investment Monitoring Comonitor the programme of capital expenditure and early warning to Monthly reports to ESB and IFPIC of reconfiguration capital program Highlight reports produced for each and submitted to the Reconfiguration Programme Board. Corrective Control Revised programme timescale appured to the programme timescale appured to the programme timescale appured to a monthly basis.	rseen by the case project dual ramme for ed by the mmittee to ssues. on progress me. h project ion	ect Resource expenditure for developmed business cases - on track/ monitored monthly basis Affordability of business cases (i.e. so within allocated budget envelope) - or against revised programme. Capital expenditure against the agree plan for reconfiguration is monitored via the monthly financial the Reconfiguration Board.			ment of ed on a schemes - on track	requirement programment of the p	nts for 201 e (awaiting neetings with prities are communication and NHSI reguirements and now STF ues as part	th NHSI ensu learly identif on with Regionarding the st linked to BCT	ic res Trust's fied and onal Director trategic T. e external	years (13.1 (c) ITU inte been delay availability (c) develop estates stra (13.4).	c) Limited capital funding within 2016/17 programme and future years (13.1 and 13.2). (c) ITU interim configuration has been delayed due to capital availability (13.3). (c) development of the DCP estates strategy in line with STP (13.4). (c) development of the SOC (13.4).	
	Action tracke	er:			Due date	Owner		P	rogress upda	ate:		Status

Consideration to be given to alternative sources of funding. (13.1)	June 16 Aug 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17	CFO	STP submitted in October, assuming the use of PF2 for Women's and PACH projects. Exploratory discussions with expert PF2 advisors (Deloitte) regarding which capital schemes could potentially be suitable. Meeting with PFU in May 2016, options still being explored. A paper recommending PF2 use for the Women's and PACH projects was approved at the September 2016 Reconfiguration Board. Meeting held with the PFI & Transaction team and HMT - on-going discussions around the suitability of PF2 for retained estate elements of projects. A follow up meeting will be held early in 2017.	3
Maintain dialogue with NHSI and NHSE regarding the pressing need for external capital to facilitate strategic change (13.2)	June 16 Aug 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17	CEO/CFO	Paper to be presented to Trust Board Thinking Day in Alongside recent correspondence and discussion regarding BCT and its capital requirements, the LLR STP represents a further opportunity to formalise and emphasise the requirement. Meeting held with local NHSI representatives to discuss PF2 and the new national guidance for business cases (including SOCs).	3
Capital plan C has identified best way to prioritise / progress all reconfiguration projects within a reduced funding allocation (13.3)	June 16 Aug 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17	CFO	Capital plan D has been developed which allows for the development of additional ward capacity at GH for HPB which is now necessary before the ICU interim move. Discussions with NHSI informed the need for an OBC and FBC - work on OBC has commenced. Development of ICU-2016/17. ICU construction will commence once capital funding becomes available. Interim measures have been put in place to manage risks in short-term in terms of capacity, these mitigations need to be reviewed if any further delays. Priorisation of projects for internal CRL in 2017/18 has commenced.	3

DCP Refresh - phase 2. The clinical design solution and capital plan for the two acute sites will be urgently reviewed in light of the approved STP bed numbers to understand impact (13.4)	Nov 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17	CFO	Detailed work on the DCP refresh has commenced and discussion is on-going to validate the revised capital costs. This has caused a delay to the DCP refresh programme. The delay to the DCP programme creates a risk to the delivery of the Strategic Outline Case; any delay to the SOC needs to be mitigated, so the DCP refresh and SOC programmes will be reviewed in light of recent discussions and agreed. Changes to this DCP may require the STP to be fine tuned	3
Reconfiguration Programme are currently developing a Strategic Outline Case (SOC); which will articulate how the programme is affordable overall, reflecting the STP and the DCP refresh. This will then form the basis for subsequent Outline Business Cases (OBC) and Full Business Cases (FBC) for individual projects (13.5).	Feb 17 July 2017	CFO	As 13.4 above, a recent delay to the DCP refresh has- risked delivery of the SOC for approval at the February- 2017 Trust Board. The team are currently reviewing the- programme to ensure the SOC is delivered for approval at- the Trust Board as soon as possible. The new NHSI guidance outlines that the SOC cannot be submitted without the pre-consultation business case and the outcome of consultation. Consultation cannot commence until the STP has been refreshed to reflect the Operating Plan and the refreshed DCPs. There is therefore a significant delay to the SOC development programme.	

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ed version as at: Jan-17												
Principal risk 14:	Failure to	deliver clin	ically sustain	nable config	guration of se	vices			Risk owne		owner: CFO			
Strategic objective:	A clinically	/ sustainab	Objective	jective owner: CFO)								
Annual priorities		ew models of care that will support the development ration plan					nent of our services and our			Risk Assurance Rating		ESB RAG Rating = (ESI 14/2/17)		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March		
	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20				
Target risk rating (I x L):							1x2=8							
Controls: (preventive, corrective	e, directive,			Assu	rance on effe	ctiveness o	of controls			Gans in	Gaps in Control / Assurance			
detective)			Internal External							Gaps III	Gaps in Control / Assurance			
Directive Controls		Progress	of the recor	figuration p	programme is	Regular n	neetings wi	th	(a) Detaile	(a) Detailed bed capacity				
UHL reconfiguration programme g	governance	monitore	ed via aggreg	gated report	ting to ESB/	- STP PM	O and Lead	ership team		model/assumptions have been				
structure aligned to new STP gove	IFPIC/ TB				- NHS Imp	provement			included as part of the latest ST					
interdependencies to be reported	to ESB					- NHS England				submission. Discussions are				
monthly identifying potential risks		econfigurati							underway	to agree	the bed			
affecting delivery.	rated. Cu	urrently repo	orted as 'an	nber 'due to					reduction plan over the 5 year					
Strategic capital business case wo	complexi	ty of progra	mme and ri	sks associated	t				period, to reflect the agreed					
aligned to new STP governance.		with deli	very.							17/18 and 18/19 contract, to				
A Reconfiguration Programme Str	-									reflect the agreed end point of				
Outline Case (SOC) is planned in d		<u>ē.</u>								1,697 beds in 2021 (14.1).				
which will reflect the STP submiss														
revised Development Control Plan										` '		down of beds,		
outcome of public consultation. T											theatres and outpatients per			
demonstrate affordability of the p	-									speciality have been developed				
as a whole; and therefore pave th	•									and will inf				
approval of individual project Out	line Busines	S										ol Plans for		
Cases (OBC).										UHL's reco	_			
Monthly meetings with NHSI to ic												ill provide a		
business cases coming up for appi												ng how UHL's		
Detailed programme plan identify	• .											gured over th		
milestones for delivery of the capi	-											vill confirm th		
Project plans and resources identi	iiied against											ct within the		
each project.										overali cap	itai pian	identified in		

A future operating model at speciality level which supports a two acute site footprint.

Detective Controls

A monthly report outlining progress with the reconfiguration programme is submitted to the UHL Reconfiguration Programme Board. Monthly aggregate reporting to ESB, IFPIC and Trust Board.

Monthly meetings with NHSI to discuss the programme of delivery.

Monitoring of progress towards UHL two acute site model including interdependencies between projects.

Monitoring of business case timescales for delivery.

Requirements identified to deliver key projects overseen by PMO.

Monitor spend against agreed budgets.

the STP. This plan will be reviewed and updated by the end of January in light of the Operating plan. (14.2).

(c) The STP has delayed the ability of the PMO to gain approval of the pre-consultation business case. This has resulted in a delay to consultation. There has been minimal impact on the development of the PACH and Women's business cases since capital funding is not available this financial year to progress design work. In the meanwhile, detailed models of care and patient pathways are being worked up (14.3).

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
The demand and capacity discussions concluded with the agreement	June 16	COO / CFO	Phase 1 of the DCP refresh is complete to give a possible	3
that 200 beds would be added back into the UHL bed base within the STP; 2 new	July 16		range of scenarios. Phase 2 of the DCP refresh is currently	
build wards at GH and the remainder at LRI within refurbished estate and the	Dec 16		being undertaken utilising the final bed split by specialty	
community. Impact on capital programme, Estates Strategy and DCPs is currently	Jan 17		identified in the STP, and will show moves by site location	
being worked up. Conclusions need to feed into NHSE led assurance process in	Feb 17		and programme. The lack of bed reductions in years 1 and	
advance of public consultation and reconfiguration. Internal work with estates,			2 of the STP need to be reflected in the DCP once	
clinical, finance and workforce teams continues to support implementation when			programmed. Discussion is on-going to validate the	
plans are agreed. (14.1, 14.2, 14.3)			revised capital costs. This has caused a delay to the DCP	
			refresh programme. This, along with the refreshed STP	
			and the outcome of public consultation, will inform the	
			Reconfiguration Programme Strategic Outline Case.	
			Estates strategy to be updated thereafter.	
		I		

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	it:	Jan-17								
Principal risk 15:		deliver the gement (SL	-	ogramme o	f services revi	ews, a key o	component	t of service-	Risk own	ier:	CFO	
Strategic objective:		nancially sustainable NHS Organisation Objective owner: CFO										
Annual priorities	going viab	Risk Assur of service line reporting through the programme of service reviews to ensure the ongle viability of our clinical services are operational productivity and efficiency improvements in line with the Carter Report									Exec Board RAG F = TBA following corporate restruc	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9		
Target risk rating (I x L):						3:	x2=6					
Controls: (preventive, corrective)	e, directive,		Ir	Assu nternal	rance on effe	ctiveness of		xternal		Gaps in	Control / /	Assurance
Directive Controls Governance arrangements establicoverarching project plan for service developed New structure / methodology agricapturing outputs in a consistent to the IHI Triple Aim and UHL way New virtual team structure to supintensive service reviews. Steering place to monitor and provide assuregarding the service review proglevels i.e. standard, enhance and include a range of metrics, beyone Monthly updates required from seagainst pre-determined work proglems. Measureable outcomes now embothe process via improved method—Where relevant, schemes with a benefit are added to the CIP Track	eed for way, aligned port the ng Group in urance ramme (all intensive). now to d finance ervices gramme. edded into ology financial	Previous programi through I	Previous programme suspended. New programme being developed as agreed through ESB. Individual service reviews will report through to the Steering Group and the Steering Group will provide quarterly updates				rting	October 2013	o - Service	which important production (a) Assurare placed with	nce that resh the service most (15.4) of the new cess suspenternal restrangements rated impro	v service nded ructure, to align with
	Action track	ker:			Due date	Owner		Pı	ogress up	date:		Status

Revised Data Pack being scoped for discussion with BI leads. (15.1)	June 16 TBC	CFO	A sample data pack was circulated to the steering group on 11.5.16. Expert members to consider data for appropriateness. Steering Group suspended following instruction from ESB	3
Assurance that resources are placed with the services who need them the most (15.4)	June 16 TBC	CFO	The plan involves: Stratification of services to determine the level of input-required (Intensive, Standard and Enhanced). Roll outpaused on instructions from ESB	3
Current Service review programme winding down due to duplication of effort (in engaging CMGs in service redesign / improvement) and any resources going into this process will be diverted into a wider transformation programme that will be defined over the coming months (15.5).	Jan-17	CFO	Haematology coming to end of review ready for presenting to JA. Gynaecology has some on-going work to be transferred through the Theatre reconfiguration programme. Ophthalmology have pulled out of their service review due to current pressures. Despite this process / programme winding to a close, the risk score has not been changed due to the limited savings generated by the process when it was live	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as a	at:	Jan-17									
Principal risk 16:	The Demar in 2016/17	Demand/Capacity gap if unresolved may cause a failure to achieve UHL deficit control total Risk owner: CFO 16/17											
Strategic objective:	A financiall	y sustaina	able NHS orga	nisation					Objective	owner:	CFO		
Annual priorities			line with our						rance Rating EPB RAG Rating : (Date: 21/02/17)				
Commant wiels noting (1 v 1).	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
Current risk rating (I x L):	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x5=25	5x5=25			
Target risk rating (I x L):						5:	x2=10						
Controls: (preventive, corrective detective)	e, directive,		In	Assuı ternal	rance on effe	ctiveness o		xternal		Gaps in Control / Assurance			
Directive Controls		Contract	ts signed with	both main		Regular re	eview of fina	ancial plan b	y NHS	(c) Significa	ant deter	ioration in the	
Agreed Financial Plan for 2016/17	(AOP)	commiss	sioners.			Improven	nent.			financial pe	erforman	ice within	
Standing Financial Instructions										month 8. T	he additi	ional	
UHL Service and Financial strategy	as per SOC	Robust i	nternal proce	ss to set the	to set the financial Quarterly submission to NHS Imp								
and LTFM.		plan for	2016/17 as a	greed by IFP	IC and TB.	STF Perfo	rmance.			defined an	d are req	uired to	
Preventative Controls									ensure ach	ievemen	t of the		
Sign-off and agreement of contrac	ts with CCGs									_		orecast year	
and NHS England			ear end forec	_						end deficit	position	(16.1).	
CIP delivery plan for 2016/17			£6.9m of a de	ficit of £38.0	6m								
Detective Controls		(excluding STF).										cognised based	
The detailed position will be review	•									-		cial forecast. A	
Executive Performance Board mon	•		ding of £11.4r	_								that requires	
Integrated Finance, Performance & Investment line with STF rules at Q3. This is										additional	cash sup	port. (16.2).	
Committee and Trust Board month	•		£6.1m and be		-								
Monthly finance reporting in relati	on to	for the T	rust in the re	maining mo	nths of the					I			

income and expenditure and CIP	year.					
Monthly performance reporting in relation to						
STF performance trajectories.	CIP within the year to date positio	n has over				
Corrective Controls	delivered against the plan of £28.6	<mark>6m</mark> by £0.1m.				
Identification and mitigation of excess cost						
pressures	Run rates that deliver the £38.6m	in each area				
Planned reduction in agency spend	(pay, non-pay, CIP and income) up	dated for				
The CIP gap identified at the start of the year	month 10 and reported to Commi	ttees/Trust				
has been closed.	Board alongside the financial and	performance				
	position of STF					
	funding.					
		Due				
Reasonable assurance rating that	risk is being managed:	date	Owner	Progress upda	ite:	Status
(16.1) Additional organisational wide response	s are required to ensure	Sept 16	CFO	Action plan developed and being re	ported at relevant	3
achievement of the planned deficit.		Dec 16		Executive Team Meetings.		
		Review				
		monthly				
(16.2) as 16.1. Additional organisational wide r	esponses are required to ensure	Review	CFO	STF cannot be recognised for Q3 or	Q4 based on current	3
achievement of the planned deficit		monthly		forecast deficit position. The cash in	mpact is being	
				discussed and followed up with NH	SI (Local and Treasury	
I		1	I	1 .		

Team)

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at	::	Jan-17								
Principal risk 17:	Failure to a	ichieve a re	evised and a	pproved 5 ye	ear financial	strategy			Risk own	er:	CFO	
Strategic objective:	A financiall	y sustainak	ole NHS orga	anisation					Objective owner:		CFO	
Annual priorities				r 5-Year Plan national cash					Risk Assurance Ratir		EPB RAG Rating = EPB (Date: 21/02/17)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
Target risk rating (I x L):	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15 2=10	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15		
Controls: (preventive, corrective detective)	, directive,		Int	Assura ternal	nce on effe		controls	ternal		Gaps in	Control / /	Assurance
Directive Controls Overall strategic direction of travel through Better Care Together. Financial Strategy fully modelled ar understood by all parties locally an nationally. UHL's working capital strategy in pl 2016/17 financial plan in place and appropriately Sustainability and transformation pLTFM & SOC approved. Detective Controls Monthly monitoring of performance financial plan. IFPIC and TB receive half yearly upor relation to financial strategy and LT Corrective controls Explore options for other (non-NHS of capital funding	ace. monitored lan (STP) e against dates in FM	at M10 th Half yearly for purpos UHL's stra deliverably term. Strong lind the finance capital) of	e Trust is £8 y review of I se i.e. check stegy and en le recovery p ks to overall cial conseque	ainst 2016/1 B.7m adverse LTFM to ensuring consister is uring we had a plan over the lact of the lact	e to plan. ure fitness ncy with ave a e medium strategy and ue and	BCT SOC BCT PCBC Financial st LTFM System-win sustainabil Individual	trategy de five-yea lity and trai	of review of: r 'place-base nsformation ases above a	d' plan (STP) certain leve	proceed w of STP (17. (c) The Tru experienci within it's i obligations Payment P This pressu shortage o	ith public c 2) ust is currer ng significa ability to ac s under the rractice Coc ure is being	nt pressures chieve its Better le (BPPC). driven by a 3 and 17.4)
	ction tracke				date	Owner			gress with			Status
(17.2) Currently seeking authority to proceed with public consultation					Oct 16 March-17	CE/CFO	Public cor	nsultation to	follow app	roval of STP.		3

(17.3) Assurance over cash forecasting and working capital management completed by PWC.	Oct 16 Dec-16 Feb-17	CE/CFO	Draft report received with further actions identified and being addressed within agreed timeframes and to be finalised by 30 November 2016. Final report and letter of support due for completion for February meeting of IFPIC.	3
(17.4) External cash injection required to resolved current working capital requirements.	Oct 16 Dec-16 Feb-17	CE/CFO	Process for working capital loan application yet to be defined by NHSI Treasury team. Once defined the Trust will make an appropriate application. Cash is currently being accessed through the revolving working capital facility with the final drawdown being made to the Trust's approved limit in January 2017.	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	odated version as at: Jan-17										
Principal risk 18:	Delay to th	e approval	s for the EPF	programme	9				Risk owne	r:	CIO	
Strategic objective:	Enabled by	excellent I	M&T				Objective owner:			owner:	CIO	
Annual priorities	Conclude t	he EPR bus	iness case a	nd start imp	lementation				Risk Assura	ance Rating	nce Rating Exec Board 28/02/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4 x 4 = 16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	5x5 = 25	5x5 = 25	28/02/2017		
Target risk rating (I x L):						3 x	2 = 6					
Controls: (preventive, corrective	, directive,	ctive, Assurance on effectiveness of controls										ssurance
detective)			Int	ernal			Ext	ernal		Gaps III	Control / A	SSUIdille
Directive Controls Regular communications with key of throughout the external approvals IM&T Programme Board. EPR programme Board and the join Governance Board. Detective Controls Weekly meeting to discuss progres with IBM and separately with NHSI Corrective Controls Plan B to provide a paperlite solution new EF Build has been approved Works that support the EPR project be used for an alternative, have be completed	chain. t s and issues on for the t but could	until NHS with our k system, h mitigate t Upgrades IT systems ensure the period pri	Internal and external meetings about the FBC are being undertaken. Until NHSI approval is given we can't engage with our key partners to implement the system, however we continue to work to on the mitigate the impact of the delay. Internal and external meetings about the FBC gateway implement approved in the partners are implement to mitigate the impact of the delay.					of implement ving review of 2015/16. I a health cho March 2016. Ion plan in pla Indations	NHSI have confirmed that they not in a position to support the proposal and their proposed convelope would mean that an integrated solution, UHLs preferoption, is no longer achievable (18.1). Option review of alternative solution (18.2) Propose SOC for paper lite EPR solution (18.3)			
А	ction tracke	er:			Due date	Owner		Pr	ogress upda	ate:		Status
Progress work with NTDA/DoH to progress a firm timetable (18.1)					date	CIO	*** This ac	ction can not	be support	ed by NHSI*	**	
Propose an alternative proposal for the delivery of a "best of breed" paper lite solution (18.2)					Jan-17	CIO	Initial work has been undertaken to review our options and produce a short term approach			-	4	
Propose Strategic Outline Case for the development of a Paper Lite EPR solution (18.3)				R solution	Mar-17	CIO	First phase will be to revisit the work undertaken as part of the FBC for the Cerer EPR solution				en as	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at	::	Jan-17									
Principal risk 19:	Lack of alig	nment of I	M&T prioriti	ies to UHL pr	iorities				Risk own	er:	CIO		
Strategic objective:	Enabled by	excellent I	M&T						Objective	owner:	CIO		
Annual priorities	Improve ac	ccess to and	d integration	of our IT sys	stems				Risk Assurance Rating		Exec Board 28/02/17		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3 x 4 = 12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	28/02/201	7		
Target risk rating (I x L):						3 x	2 = 6						
Controls: (preventive, corrective							controls			Consin	Control / A		
detective)		Int	ternal			Ex	ternal		Gaps III	COILLOI / A	SSUI dIICE		
Directive Controls Prioritisation Group meets monthl Standard operating procedure for authorising new work tasks. Progress updates reported to Exec board quarterly. UHL IM&T Governance Structure. Capital prioritisation plan in place. Detective Controls Prioritisation matrix to define pro Service Level Agreements. Weekly and monthly meetings to d issues and monitor progress.	bringing and utive IM&T	Monthly F		meetings				(15/16) of U		` '	to CMGs wit		
,	Action tracke	er:			Due date	Owner		ı	Progress upo	date:		Status	
To look at re-introduction of the CMG account management role within a restructure of IM&T resources (19.1)				nin a	Mar-17	CIO	The development of a costed plan to re-introduce this role to IM&T				uce this	4	
To review the deliverables in line with the EPR re-work to ensure the new programme accelerate the delivery of key items, such as desktop refresh.					Mar-17	CIO		The development of a costed plan to re-introduce this ole to IM&T				4	

Reasonable assurance rating:

Green	G	Effective controls in place and satisfactory outcomes of assurance received.
Amber	Α	Effective controls thought to be in place but outcomes of assurances are uncertain / insufficient.
Red	I R	New controls need to be introduced and monitoted and outcomes of assurances are not available to the Board.

Risk rating criteria:

<u>Current Risk Rating:</u> A reasonable estimate of the likely occurrence and likely consequence with the current control measures in place.

<u>Target Risk Rating:</u> A reasonable estimate of the likely occurrence and likely consequence with the current control measures and future actions applied. Risk target (also referred to as residual risk) is the amount of risk that is accepted or tolerated, or the level that has been decided to manage a risk down to in an ideal world.

As the BAF is focussed on the risks to achieving its most important annual objectives the risk target score should be achieved when all actions are applied taking into consideration that the objectives and principal risks will be refreshed on an annual basis (annual period 1st April to 31st March).

		Likelihood of occurrence				
5	Extreme	Catastrophic effect upon the objective, making it unachievable	5	Almost Certain (81%+)		
4	Major	Significant effect upon the objective, thus making it extremely difficult/ costly to achieve	4	Likely (61% - 80%)		
3	Moderate	Evident and material effect upon the objective, thus making it achievable only with some moderate difficulty/cost.	3	Possible (41% - 60%)		
2	Minor	Small, but noticeable effect upon the objective, thus making it achievable with some minor difficulty/ cost.	2	Unlikely (20% - 40%)		
1	Insignificant	Negligible effect upon the achievement of the objective.	1	Rare (Less than 20%)		

Action tracker status:

5	Complete
4	On-track
3	Some delay. Expected to be completed as planned
2	Significant delay. Unlikely to be completed as planned.
1	Not yet commenced.
0	Objective revised.

BAF Matrix

				Consequence		
		1 Insignificant	2 Minor	3 Moderate	4 Major	5 Extreme
	1 Rare	1	2	3	4	5
<u>=</u>	2 Unlikely	2	4	6	8	10
Likelihood	3 Possible	3	6	9	12	15
ğ	4 Likely	4	8	12	16	20
	5 Almost Certain	5	10	15	20	25

Appendix 2 Risk Register Dashboard as at 31 Jan 17

Appen	JIX Z	Risk Register Dashboard as at 31 Jan 17							
Risk ID	СМС	Risk Title	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner	Risk Movement	Themes aligned with Trust Objectives		
2236	ESM	There is a risk of overcrowding due to the design and size of the ED footprint & increased attendance to ED	25	16	lan Lawrence	\leftrightarrow	Effective emergency care		
2762	Corporate Nursing	Ability to provide safe, appropriate and timely care to all patients attending the Emergency Department at all times.	25	15	Julie Smith	\leftrightarrow	Effective emergency care		
2566	CHUGGS	There is risk of delays to planning patient treatment due to the age of the Toshiba Aquilion CT scanner in the Radiotherapy Dept	20	1	Lorraine Williams	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare		
2354	RRCV	There is a risk of overcrowding in the Clinical Decisions Unit	20	9	Sue Mason	\leftrightarrow	Effective emergency care		
2670	RRCV	There is a risk to the Immunology & Allergy Services due to a Consultant Vacancy	20	6	Karen Jones	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability		
2886	RRCV	LGH Water Treatment Plant risk of downtime, resulting from equipment failure of the water plant impacting on HD patients	20	8	Geraldine Ward	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare		
2931	RRCV	Increasing frequency of Cardiac Monitoring System on CCU failing to operate	20	4	Judy Gilmore	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare		
2804	ESM	Outlying Medical Patients into other CMG beds due to insufficient ESM inpatient bed capacity	20	12	Gill Staton	\leftrightarrow	Effective emergency care		
2149	ESM	High nursing vacancies across the ESM CMG impacting on patient safety, quality of care and financial performance	20	6	Gill Staton	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability		
2333	ITAPS	Lack of Paediatric cardiac anesthetists to maintain a WTD compliant rota leading to interruptions in service provision	20	8	Rachel Patel	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability		
2763	ITAPS	Risk of patient deterioration due to the cancellation of elective surgery as a result of lack of ICU capacity	20	10	Heather Allen	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability		
2787	CSI	Failure of medical records service delivery due to delay in electronic document and records management (EDRM) implementation	20	4	Debbie Waters	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability		
2562	W&C	There is a risk that 2 vacant consultant paediatric neurology vacancies could impact sustainability of the service		CLO	DSED		Workforce capacity and capability		
2940	W&C	Risk that paed cardiac surgery will cease to be commissioned in Leicester with consequences for intensive care & other services	20	8	Nicola Savage	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare		

Risk ID	СМС	Risk Title	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner	Risk Movement	Themes aligned with Trust Objectives
2403	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk changes in the organisational structure will adversely affect water management arrangements in UHL	20	4	Elizabeth Collins	\leftrightarrow	Estates and Facilities services
2404	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that inadequate management of Vascular Access Devices could result in increased morbidity and mortality	20	16	Elizabeth Collins	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2471	CHUGGS	There is a risk of poor quality imaging due to age of equipment resulting in suboptimal radiotherapy treatment.	16	4	Lorraine Williams	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2264	CHUGGS	Risk to the quality of care and safety of patients due to reduced staffing in GI medicine/Surgery and Urology at LGH and LRI	16	6	Georgina Kenney	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2923	CHUGGS	There is a risk that nurse staffing vacancies in Oncology may result in suboptimal care to patients		CLC	DSED		Workforce capacity and capability
2870	RRCV	Audit of DNACPR form have shown that the discussion with the patient or family is not consistently recorded	16	2	Elved Roberts	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2819	RRCV	Risk of lack of ITU and HDU capacity will have a detrimental effect on Vascular surgery at LRI	16	12	Sarah Taylor	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2905	RRCV	There is a risk of delays to patient diagnosis and treatment which will affect the delivery of the national 62 day cancer target	16	6	Karen Jones	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2820	RRCV	Risk that a timely VTE risk assessment is not performed on admission to CDU meaning that subsequent actions are not undertaken	16	3	Karen Jones	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2193	ITAPS	There is a risk that the ageing theatre estate and ventilation systems could result in an unplanned loss of capacity at the LRI	16	4	Gaby Harris	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2541	MSK & SS	There is a risk of reduced theatre & bed capacity at LRI due to increased spinal activity	16	8	Carolyn Stokes	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2191	MSK & SS	Lack of capacity within the ophthalmology service is causing delays that could result in serious patient harm.	16	8	Clare Rose	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2687	MSK & SS	Lack of appropriate medical cover will clinically compromise care or ability to respond in Trauma Orthopaedics	16	9	Carolyn Stokes	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2955	CSI	If system faults attributed to EMARD are not expediently resolved, Then we will continue to expose patient to the risk of harm	16	4	Cathy Lea	NEW	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare

Risk ID	СМС	Risk Title	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner	Risk Movement	Themes aligned with Trust Objectives
1206	CSI	There is a risk that a backlog of unreported images in plain film chest and abdomen could result in a clinical incident	16	6	ARI	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2969	CSI	There is a risk of failure to deliver the TAT Standards of NHS Cervical and NHS Bowel Cancer Screening programmes	12	4	Mike Langford	\	Workforce capacity and capability
2378	CSI	There is a risk that Pharmacy workforce capacity could result in reduced staff presence on wards or clinics	16	8	Claire Ellwood	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
1926	CSI	There is a risk that insufficient staffing to manage ultrasound referrals could impact Trust operations and patient safety		CLO	OSED		Workforce capacity and capability
2391	W&C	There is a risk of inadequate numbers of Junior Doctors to support the clinical services within Gynaecology & Obstetrics	16	8	Cornelia Wiesender	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2153	W&C	Shortfall in the number of all qualified nurses working in the Children's Hospital.	16	8	HKI	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2394	Communicatio ns	No IT support for the clinical photography database (IMAN)	16	1	Simon Andrews	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2237	Corporate Medical	There is a risk of results of outpatient diagnostic tests not being reviewed or acted upon resulting in patient harm	16	8	Angie Doshani	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2247	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that a significant number of RN vacancies in UHL could affect patient safety	16	12	Maria McAuley	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
1693	Operations	There is a risk of inaccuracies in clinical coding resulting in loss of income	16	8	Shirley Priestnall	\leftrightarrow	IM&T services
2872	RRCV	There is a risk of bedded bariatric patients being trapped compromising fire evacuation on ward 15 at GGH	15	6	Vicky Osborne	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2837	ESM	There is a risk of delay in acting upon monitoring investigation results in patients with multiple sclerosis.	15	2	lan Lawrence	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2769	MSK & SS	There is a risk of cross infection of MRSA as a result of unscreened emergency patients being cared for in the same ward bays	15	5	Kate Ward	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
1196	CSI	No comprehensive out of hours on call rota and PM cover for consultant Paediatric radiologists	15	2	Rona Gidlow	↑	Workforce capacity and capability

Risk ID	СМС	Risk Title	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner	Risk Movement	Themes aligned with Trust Objectives
510	CSI	There is a risk of staff shortages impacting on the Blood Transfusion Service at UHL	15	5	AFE	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2162	CSI	Cellular Pathology - Failure to meet TATs - Quality ; Patient Safety &HR risk		CLO	DSED		Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2965	CSI	If we do not address Windsor pharmacy storage demands, then we may compromise clinical care and breach statutory duties	15	6	Claire Ellwood	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2601	W&C	There is a risk of delay in gynaecology patient correspondence due to a backlog in typing	15	6	DMAR	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability
2330	Corporate Medical	Risk of increased mortality due to ineffective implementation of best practice for identification and treatment of sepsis	12	6	JPARK	\	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2925	Estates & Facilities	Reduction in capital funding may lead to a failure to deliver the 2016/17 medical equipment capital replacement programme	15	10	Darryn Kerr	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2402	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that inappropriate decontamination practice may result in harm to patients and staff	15	3	Elizabeth Collins	\leftrightarrow	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2774	Operations	Delay in sending outpatient letters following consultations is resulting in a significant risk to patient safety & experience .	15	6	William Monaghan	\leftrightarrow	Workforce capacity and capability

Appendix 3 - UHL Risk Register Report as at 31 Jan 2017

pecialty MG Isk ID	Risk Title O			Risk subtype		Impact	hood		Risk Owner Target Risk Score
There i covered by the ED as the ED	s a risk of widing due to OC ign and size of footprint & cod attendance	/May/17	Design and size of footprint in resus causes delay in definitive treatment, delay in obtaining critical care, risk of serious incidents, increased crowding in majors, risk to four hour target. Poorer quality care. Risk of rule 43. Lack of privacy and dignity. Increased staff stress. Design and size of majors causes delay in definitive treatment and medical care. Poor quality care. Lack of privacy and dignity. High number of patient complaints. Risk of deterioration. Difficulty in responding to unwell patient in majors. Risk of adverse media interest. Staff stress. Risk of serious incident. Inability to meet four hour target resulting in patient safety and financial consequences. High number of incidents. Increased staff stress. Infection control risk. Risk of rule 43. Design and size of footprint in paediatrics causes delay in being seen by clinician. Risk of deterioration. Risk of four hour target and local CQUINS. Lack of patient confidentiality. Increased violence and aggression. Design and size of assessment bay causes delay in time to assessment. Paramedics unable to reach turnaround targets. Inability to meet CQUIN targets. Risk of patient deterioration. Delay in diagnosis and treatment. Increased staff stress. Patient complaints. Increased risk of patients being in the corridor on trolleys. Lack of dignity and privacy. Serious incident risk. Design and size of minors results in delay in receiving medical assessment and treatment. Patient complaints. Four hour target. Increased violence and aggression.	Patients (Clinical/Safety)	The Emergency Care Action Team, was established in spring 2013 with aims to improve emergency flow and therefore reduce the ED crowding. This has now been changed to Emergency Quality Steering Group(EQSG) meetings. The Emergency department is actively engaging in plans to increase the ED footprint via the emergency floor initiative, but in the shorter term to increase the capacity of assessment bay and resus. The Resus Bed area has been created. Increase in Clinical Education staff, to assist with upskilling of Nursing Staff. Majors Floor has been marked out and numbered to prevent to many trolleys from blocking Majors and assessment Bay. Improving quality of care in the ED sessions open to staff, led by ED Consultant. Direct referrals from assessment bay and UCC to ambulatory clinic/GPAU. CAD system went live highlighting number of ambulance patients on route to ED. SOP's completed, including SOP's for managing assessment bay at full capacity & for supporting an escalation area when the main ED is full. Actions in place from EQSG Emergency Floor New ED floor working stream. Quality metric audits - completed twice a week. CMG weekly meetings following CQC notice. Reporting to CQC weekly on time to triage, ambulance waits, Sepsis 6, and staffing skill mix. Cohorting of ED patients in Escalation Area (TIA Clinic) and ED corridor as per agreed protocols. New ED plus associated hot floor rebuild approved by the trust and NTDA.	zxtreme	Almost certain	Creation of SoP for resus crowding (SoP is actually 4 discreet small procedures relating to Resus, including Resus entry assessment, board rounds, escalation and Resus step down) - due 31/03/17 - Dr A Millet leading. New build will be complete April 2017. 30/04/17 Resus board rounds, discussions, escalation to be commenced - this has been submitted for consultation with joint sisters and consultants meeting - final version due 31/03/2017 Resus step down process to be developed 31/03/2017 Escalation process re, occupancy, length of stay, staffing 31/03/17 Launch and implementation of additional patient on ward process (SAFER placement) Red to Green in process through trust, ongoing review 30/06/17	lan Lawrence

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	risk subtype		Impact	je	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Corporate Nursing 2762	Ability to provide safe, appropriate and timely care to all patients attending the Emergency Department at all times.	/Feb/17 /12/2015	Causes Failure to consistently undertake and record initial assessment by appropriately trained clinical staff within 15 minutes of presentation and document in real time. Failure to consistently ensure that all patients receive adequate care and treatment in accordance with Trust sepsis clinical pathway. Lack of ability to demonstrate we have an appropriate staffing skill mix in place on a shift by shift basis. Lack of recording of induction for temporary staff. Consequences Significant risk of patient harm Conditions placed on licence to practice Risk of CQC placing the Trust in Special Measures Risk of CQC imposing unlimited financial penalties Adverse media attention affecting reputation of the Trust Breaches in Statutory duty with subsequent criminal prosecution	Guality	CEO and executive leadership with clear responsibility and oversight in place. Programme management arrangements in place supported by trio of nursing, medical and operational leads with allocated time and objectives. This is supported by four oversight meetings per week. Internal reporting in relation to quality metrics (sepsis compliance, staffing, initial assessment within 15 mins) Weekly reporting to CQC on required metrics in place Sepsis Implementation of trust-wide single adult sepsis pathway supported by a programme of daily audit in ED. Supporting action plan in place including rollout of single paediatric pathway. Initial Assessment Standard Operating Procedure (Initial Assessment and Dynamic Priority Scoring - version 3 December 2015) revised and implemented to ensure ED patients are prioritised appropriately. Consistent real-time recording. Review of patient harm associated with delayed initial assessment (>15mins) at patient level.	Almost certain Extreme	Risk is under review and to be replaced with a deteriorating patient risk assessment which is currently being scrutinised by Executive Team - review position at end of Feb 2017	Julie Smith 15

Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE		Impact	Likelihood	Action summary Target Risk Score
	There is risk of delays to planning patient treatment due to the age of the Toshiba Aquilion CT scanner in the Radiotherapy Dept	;/02/2017 ;/06/2015	The current Toshiba scanner is 9 years old with an expected 10 year life cycle. It is the only scanner in the department, scanning provision would need to be provided at either another Radiotherapy department or possibly in radiology in the event of a prolonged or permanent period of downtime. The likelihood of such an event significantly increases towards the end of its life cycle. Consequences would be: - Patients wouldn't be able to have their treatment planned having an impact on the cancer waiting time targets and outcomes of the patients treatment; - There is a risk to patients being planned for treatment in a timely manner due to availability of alternative scanning capacity; Consequences of using radiology (or another radiotherapy dept) scanner - Slice position numbering may differ between scanner and planning computer which could cause positioning errors; - Inconvenience to patients having to go to different dept for scan, possibly on a separate date to other apts in radiotherapy; radiotherapy staff would need to be allocated sessions working in radiology/another radiotherapy dept to scan radiotherapy patients;	ilnical/Satety)	Limited arrangements for planning palliative patients only (unable to treat radical patients) Comprehensive Service Contract with Toshiba for scanner up until May 2016.	<u>-xtreme</u>	ikely Strong	Replacement of Toshiba Scanner - Contingency plan for instances of breakdown of the Toshiba scanner using another radiotherapy departments scanner; Agreement for monthly 1/2 day physics QA sessions on radiology scanner during periods of Toshiba breakdown to ensure continued compability between scanner and planning system; Purchase of compatible couch top for use with CT scanners; Service level agreement with radiology for scanner capacity for radiotherapy patients in the case of long term breakdown of scanner; Contingency plan for instances of breakdown of the Toshiba scanner using radiology scanner -28/02/17 Update Nov 16 Action 1 the business case to replace a 12 year old simulator with a CT scanner which would have provided contingency arrangements, was presented in October 2016 to the CMIC with no formal decision made to replace in 2017/18. Technical constraints limit the groups of patients that could be planned in imaging. Further discussions needed with other radiotherapy centres to discuss the possibility of patients being transferred for planning. Discussed at CHUGGS Q@S meeting on 8th Nov to increase risk rating to 20

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened		Risk subtype		Impact	Action summary Figure 1	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal, Respiratory, Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2354	There is a risk of overcrowding in the Clinical Decisions Unit	/03/2017 //05/2014	Causes of the risk (hazard) 1.CDU originally designed to take in a 24 hour period 25- 30 patients, on average it is now taking 60-70 patients/24 hr period. Despite the extension of the triage area the foot print of the unit still remains inadequate to cope with this increase number of patients. There is not the physical space to see/examine/review the number of patients that are currently presenting to CDU, particularly in the afternoon and evening. 2.The workforce on CDU (medical, nursing, therapy, admin/clerical) has increased since 2014 in accordance with the increase in the number of patients that require processing in the department, however at times the processing capacity of the staff available does not match demand. 3.Increasing risk to the compliance of CDU Quality Performance Indicators; patients being triaged within 15 minutes from arrival to CDU and seen by a Doctor within 60 minutes. 4.Due to the pressures within the Emergency Department at the LRI the level 1 diverts are enacted on occasions, compounding the overall processing power within CDU and impacting on bed capacity. 5.The out of hour's provision from support services such as pharmacy, radiology and pathology does not match the requirements of an increasing emergency take at the GH.	itients (Clinical/Satety)	Cardiology Consultant assigned on CDU 5 days a	Major Centalli	Review additional resources as part of strategic transfer of vascular services in 2016/17 - run ambulatory GP model over winter months - additional resources identified and low risk ambulatory clinic will run until March 2017	Sue Mason 9

CMG (CMS ID 2		Review Date 3	Description of Risk	Risk subtype		Impact	ihood	Ď.	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV)	Immunology & Allergy Services due to a	/03/2 5/Oct/	Causes of the risk (hazard) Consultant Immunologist/Allergist Vacancy The post has been vacant since 22nd June 2015 and the funding for this Consultant role sits within CSI CMG (empath, Pathology). Delayed recruitment to vacant post due to failure to appoint on at least two occasions (availability of candidates with the necessary speciality expertise) - risk added 12/05/16 From July 2016, an allergy consultant will be resigning from their post and this will leave a gap in food allergy expertise - risk added 12/05/16 Nurse Staffing Resource This service is dependent on nursing support to assist with immunology therapies, skin prick and challenge tests. Band 6 vacancies have only recently been appointed and due to the speciality requirements, extended training programmes are needed to confirm competence Band 7 Nurse Specialist for Asthma Immunology & Allergy vacancy from 12th May 2016 due to a resignation - risk added 12/05/16 Patient backlog and RTT risk There is a planned waiting list with a backlog of patients who are waiting for sequential procedures e.g. skin prick and/or challenges to help support and manage their health condition. Patient backlog of New and Follow Up Patients There is a back log of New and Follow up patients referrals due to the original vacancy gap and this will continue to increase when the second allergy consultant leaves the Trust. On 12/05/2016 backlog is 638 patients	luman Resources	Weekly Access Meeting (WAM) attendance for support and completion of actions. Review of patient referrals to identify the high risk patients and complete a trajectory plan. Advice and actions being agreed with the Head of Performance and Operations to ensure all patients waiting for sequential procedures have been identified and are allocated to the appropriate patient waiting list. Continued monitoring of these patient waiting list at Respiratory RTT meetings and escalation of concerns. To standardise referral and waiting list procedure to ensure all patients are recorded on the correct patient waiting list. Completion of Business Case and Risk Assessment to recruit an Allergy Consultant for the service. Respiratory Physicians to help maintain current and future Allergy Service. Route to Recruit and advert to be authorised ASAP to cover allergy gap(s). Further discussions of future model of Allergy and Immunology and identifying possible support from Consultant Dietitian. Clinical Immunology/Allergy Consultant commenced 9.10.16 - Consultant will support an additional allergy clinic due to allergy consultant has been appointed started on the 3.10.16 - complete	Major	Almost certain	Appoint a 1WTE Allergy Consultant - Failed no candidates, but we appointed a trust grade medical doctor, who should commence working by the end of March 2017 Monitoring of patient backlog at Respiratory RTT meetings - 31Mar 17 Escalation of concerns to Head of Operations/Director of Performance - 31 Mar 17 WLI will continue to support backlog and respiratory consultants will continue to back fill until 31.3.17	Karen Jones 6

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype			Likelihood		Risk Owner Target Risk Score	
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2886	LGH Water Treatment Plant risk of downtime, resulting from equipment failure of the water plant impacting on HD patients	/Mar/ /06/20	Causes (hazard) 1.The existing Water Treatment Plant that currently provides the LGH Haemodialysis Unit adjacent to the Haemodialysis Unit LGH site. with all of its treated water requirements for dialysis, has now exceeded its expected service life, (some parts dating back 42years) with the most recent addition dating back 20years. 2Failure of the exiting ring main RO systems 3Out-dated design without intergural disinfection capabilities RISK TO PATIENTS *There is a risk that downtime resulting from equipment failure of the water plant impacts directly on the clinical treatment offered to all haemodialysis patients receiving dialysis therapy at the LGH Renal Unit. This may result in patients having to travel to other units. *Risk from both long and short term complication to patients due to unacceptable bacterial contamination of water that supplies the Haemodialysis unit. *Emergency business continuity plans would need to be activated this would have an associated impact on other support services transport, community services etc). *Risk of a rise in clinical incident, complaints, litigation staff stress, patient injury and clinical negligence) *Risk of reduced public confidence and subsequent media attention.	uality	Discussion to be reached on the future model for LGH Haemodialysis Unit 1. Capital Purchase). Initial £200K Capital purchase and annual maintenance costs of approximately £10K per annum. To replace the ring main and complete water treatment system. LGH technical team will potentially organise internally to undertake weekly chemical disinfections – UHL Infection informed. Discontinue HDF therapy Samples for Endotoxin testing will continue on a weekly bases	Extreme	Likely	Replacement options paper to be compiled for submission to the Renal and CMG board before submitting to capital and investment committee - Capital Purchase - Initial £165K Capital purchase and annual maintenance costs of approximately £10K per annum. To replace the ring main and complete water treatment system. Business Case to be presented at the Capital & Investment Committee Meeting on 14.10.16 for decision. Decision made by the Capital Investment Committee to replace Water Treatment Plant. Funding to come from 17/18 capital expenditure. Weekly water sampling will continue		

CMG CMG Risk ID	P Risk Title	Opened (Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Action summary Current Risk Score Current Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2931	System on CCU failing	ğ /2	Causes (hazard) Cardiac Monitoring system failure due to age, obsolescence, replacement parts not available, no GE service contract/support. System includes bedside, central, telemetry. Vital signs inc O2 sats, Bp, Pacemaker checks. 12 lead ECG's. Event history ie. Arrhythmia review Consequence (harm / loss event) 19 bedded, direct admitting CCU would not be able to safely admit critically unwell, unstable people through EMAS with, STEMI, nSTEMI, OoHCA, Arrhythmias etc Critically ill patients could not be safely transferred internally post Cardiac Arrest, TAVI, IABP insertion post procedure, ITU transfers, transfers from other sites, E/D, other trusts LLNR would not have functioning CCU available to population of over 1 million Cardiac arrests not detected, life threatening arrhythmia not seen/treated Delayed delivery of care Out of Hospital Cardiac Arrests, could not be safely admitted to the GH site Entire GH site affected operationally inc. ITU blocking LRI E/D detrimentally affected due to increased activity/delays in transferring Reduces operational capacity of the unit to safely admit monitored patients Potential risk to wider population and the reputation of UHL as impacts on emergency bed base Cancelled procedures/surgery eg. PCI/TAVI Loss of revenue Increased	atients (Clinical/Safety)	Medical physics called for assistance and make contact with GE Matron, bleep holder and manager on call informed Nursing Rounds Escalated Nurses to be based at bedside/bay Escalation policy via duty manager to senior team Doctors based on CCU to review all patients Ensure capacity is available on the other clinical areas which have functioning central monitoring If bedside monitors available then parameter alarms set to max audible Patient review by cardiologist Datix completed by NiC Patients prioritised and moved to available ward beds or more visible beds Bleep holder/Matron/Senior team to assess numbers of staff across RRCV and acuity, monitored patients and potentially reallocate staff Identify through senior team/shift co's/Medical team/med physics and reallocate stand-alone bedside systems to most appropriate patients Escalated to Director/Gold command Business case submitted to Medical Equipment replacement board and to capital investment committee in September 2016.	Extreme	Replace obsolete monitoring system in its entirety including service contract - implementation plan being developed to install in April 17 - 30.4.17 Develop specific business continuity plan - in progress to be completed as planned - complete

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE		Impact	Target Risk Score Current Risk Score Likelihood Current Risk Score
CMG 3 - Emergency & Specialist Medicine (ESM) 2804	Outlying Medical Patients into other CMG beds due to insufficient ESM inpatient bed capacity	/04/2017 //May/16	There is a risk that if ongoing pressures in medical admissions continue that the Emergency and Specialist Medicine CMG medicine bed base will be insufficient resulting in the need to out lie into other speciality/CMG beds jeopardizing delivery of the RTT targets and affecting quality and safety of patient care. There is a requirement to outlie medical patients because of: 08% increase in medical admissions and current insufficient medical bed capacity Obischarge processes not as efficient as they should be internally impacting patient flow and patients waiting in ED for admission oContinued delayed transfers of care oOn-going risks and potential harm to patients as a consequence of overcrowding in ED oOOH teams have to make decisions to use all available capacity to cope with pressures in ED The ability to open extra beds within the CMG is compounded by: 0>100 Nursing vacancies OHigh patient acuity OHigh inflow of patients being admitted oNo available bed capacity on the LRI site	Patients (Clinical/Satety)	Review of capacity requirements throughout the day 4 X daily. Its sues escalated at Gold command meetings and outlying plans executed as necessary taking into account impact on elective activity. Opportunities to use community capacity (beds and community services) promoted at site meetings. Daily board rounds and conference calls to confirm and challenge requirements for patients who have met criteria for discharge and where there are delays ICS/ICRS in reach in place. PCC roles fully embedded. Discharges before 11am and 1pm monitored weekly supported by review of weekly ward based metrics. Ward based discharge group working to implement new ways of delivering safe and early discharge. Explicit criteria for outlying in place supported by recent clarification from Assistant HON. Review of complaints and incidents data. Safety rota developed to ensure there is an identified consultant to review outliers on non-medical wards. Access to community resources to enable patients to be discharged in a timely manner. CMG to access and act on additional corporate support to focus on discharge processes. Matron for discharge appointed to provide consistent care for patients needing to be outlied.		New Red to Green initiative being rolled December to March to reduce delays feedback due after this period. 30 April 2017

CMG (Risk Title C	Review Date		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Φ	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 3 - Emergency & Specialist Medicine (ESM) 2149	High nursing vacancies across the ESM CMG impacting on patient safety, quality of care and financial performance	04/2017 02/2013	Many clinical areas are currently experiencing low levels of staffing to manage effectively the current numbers of patients. Often the nurse to bed ratio falls below that identified as the funded establishment, and therefore the required level of staffing to appropriately meet patient need. In addition within most of the clinical areas there is high bank and agency use further increasing the risk to the quality of care delivered. In addition we are required to staff the old TIA clinic and look after ambulance patients in ED corridors and provide support to outlying patients which further depletes numbers and nursing skills. Causes - "Large Number Vacant Nursing posts, "Lack of appropriately trained nursing staff to manage specialised patients, "Poor Agency and bank fill rates, "High level of maternity leave/sick leave, " Outlying of patients, "TIA Clinic, "Ambulance cohorting in the corridor protocol. Consequences - "Delays with Patient care, "Patient medications not being completed in a timely manner, "Patient buzzers not being answered in a timely manner, "Patient safety compromised, "Increased risk of patient falls, "Increased risk of incidents due to lack of familiarity with treatment regimes, "Inability to deliver quality care to different patient groups, "Decreased patient satisfaction/ quality of care, "Delays in treatment and appropriate referral, "Increase in complaints, "Increase in incident reporting, "Stress levels of all staff are elevated, "Increase in sickness"High risk of essential cares/treatments being missed, "Ward phone not being answered as all staff busy,"Relatives not being provided with regular, accurate updates,	ilinical/Safety)	"Staffing Escalation policy, "Staffing Bleep Holder / Matron support ,Site Manager and Duty Manager, "Incident reporting, "Complaints monitoring," Daily Staffing Meetings," TIA rota, "Monitor staffing levels, "Monitoring recruitment and retention, "Monitoring sickness levels, "Provision of nursing support from other base wards, "Support from the Outreach Team, "Support from Education & Development Team, "Support from Matrons and Deputy/ Head of Nursing, Moving staff between clinical areas as a means to balance risk. Agency and bank as a means to increase nursing numbers- agreed contracts to block book allowing temporary staff to get use to environment and standards within the workplace. A 'job card' designed to ensure temporary staff understand the expectation of their shift and high quality of clinical management required. Orientation to each of the clinical areas for agency/bank staff -(green book compliance). Clinical matron/senior nurse available daily to ensure clinical risk is mitigated and managed. Bed management meeting at 8.00, 12.00 16.00 and 18.00 to review bed demands and staffing issues across the Trust. Forum agrees the strategic plan for the 24/7 with on-call director and Senior on a daily basis. Active recruitment strategies to reduce vacancies. Matron visibility on wards Monday to Friday 8 - 8pm and 8 - 4pm at weekends	Major	Enhanced rate of pay now in place for 3 months period and due for ongoing regular reviews. New staff to be appointed from Philippines and India.	Gill Staton

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Target Risk Score Current Risk Score
1933 2333 1933 Carlot Manager 1933 1933 1933 1934 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935	naesthesia	Lack of Paediatric cardiac anesthetists to maintain a WTD compliant rota leading to interruptions in service provision		Causes: Retirement of previous consultants Ill health of consultant Lack of applicants to replace substantively Following NHS England announcement that Paeds Cardiac will close one consultant has resigned leaving the sustainability of the service until closure in April 17 in doubt. Consequences: Need for remaining paeds anaesthetists to work a 1:2 rota on-call Lack of resilience puts cardiac workload at risk May adversely affect the national reputation of GGH as a centre of excellence Current rota non complaint Working Time Directive (WTD) Patients requiring urgent paeds surgery may be at risk of having to be transferred to other centres Income stream relating to paeds cardiac surgery may be subsequently affected Risk of suboptimal patient treatment resulting in harm.	Quality	1:2 rota covered by experience colleagues 12 month locum appointed Fellow appointed in July 2016 (however following announcement by NHS England one consultant has resigned leaving ability to appoint a suitable locum and sustainability of business model in doubt).	Almost certain Major	**Although all actions are completed ITAPS wish this risk to remain open in particular because following NHS England announcement that Paeds Cardiac will close one consultant has resigned leaving the sustainability of the service until closure in April 17 in doubt.**
ICMG 4 - Intelsive Cale. Theatres, Anaestresia, Failt Mahadement. 2763	itical Care	Risk of patient deterioration due to the cancellation of elective surgery as a result of lack of ICU capacity	/May/: 2/01/20	Causes: Lack of capacity (beds) within ICU cross-site. Lack of base ward bed for ICU patients to be discharged. Lack of nursing staff to manage ICU patients. Delays with discharging ICU patients to Wards. Consequences: Deterioration in condition with the potential for patients to become too unwell to have surgery when re-booked or worse case scenario patient dies waiting for surgery. Impacts to quality of service through failure to meet treatment targets. Also, potential for increase in complaints from patients/family. Breach in contract. Reputation amongst other CMGs as an inability to provide a service. Potential to attract media interest. Potential for financial penalties due to inability to meet national targets.	atients (Clinical/Safety)	Identify patients ready for discharge from ICU in previous 24 hours Highlight potential cancellations to consultant on call Electronic bed booking system to identify potential issues with electives Highlight to General Managers potential cancellations Regular discussions cross-site with Consultants to balance the elective lists.		Risk paper discussed the key elements of opening Annex at LRI for a trial and was rejected by ITAPS Anaethetics leads due to increased risk to UHL. SD development to support ITU1 Registrar rota and further recruitment to ITU2 rota with a view to support annex capacity in timeFour of the 7 required for SD rota have been offered however two at risk due to more attractive relocation packages at other Trust - recruitment to middle grade rota is in the focus in order to open Annex safely - review 30/04/17 Increase additional capacity (6 beds at LRI). not agreed by board.

CMG Risk ID	elled	Review Date	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYDE	Controls in place	<u>Likelihood</u>	"	Risk Owner
AG 6 - Clinic 87	due to delay in	3/2017 3/2016	Causes: Insufficient staffing to manage current levels of activity. Since 2013 all vacancies have been filled with fixed term contracts due to EDRM project. Paediatric EDRM rollout with failure of UHL staff to follow correct new business change processes - has not resulted in the expected reduction in activity. Delay in Adult EDRM rollout. Consequences: large-scale cancellation of requests, late availability of case notes and subsequent impact to patients including cancellation of procedures and appointments. Insufficient staffing to support the Access to Health records service leading to breaches of statutory compliance to government targets in relation to access requests. Also breeches or internal and external timescale for litigation and inquest cases which could result in financial penalties. Insufficient staffing leading to non-compliance with health & safety requirements due to overcrowded library storage areas. Also this increases the potential for increased staff long-term sickness due to musculoskeletal injuries as a result of working environment. increase in complaints about the service.	(tients (Clinical/Satety)	Use of A&C bank staff where possible, though very limited in supply. Use of overtime from remaining substantive staff (though dwindling due to duration of the EDRM project and subsequent delays); staff are tired and under pressure. Cancellation of non-clinical requests for case notes daily (e.g. audit) to minimise disruption to front line clinical need (though with clear consequent impact on other areas of service delivery). On going urgent recruitment to existing vacancies. A waiting list of suitable applicants has been created to minimise the risk of the current staffing levels reccurring in the future. Medical records management supporting HRSS by chasing references and other checks. Daily review of staffing levels and management of requests with concentration of staffing in areas of greatest demand and clinical priority.	Almost certain	- Exec team approved additional staffing to support pause in paediatric EDRM - interviews in July 16, awaiting start dates for new starters, waiting list exhausted back out to interview 13/9/16 - 30/11/16 - new starters now coming in during December and January 2017 - Weekly monitoring of patients TCI cancelled due to notes availability undertaken by med recs management, reported and discussed with each CMG to aid learning with monthly report to CSI exec as part of assurance process - 31/03/17	Debbie Waters

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Action summary For Black Scoone	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
	Risk that paed cardiac surgery will cease to be commissioned in Leicester with consequences for intensive care & other services	:Mar/17 /09/2016	Causes of the risk: Outcome of NHS England assessment of Congenital Heart Disease Services against the new standards and their intentions to cease commissioning children's heart surgery in the East Midlands (EMCHC). Consequences of the risk (harm / loss event): Many Children and families within the East Midlands will have to travel further to their nearest paediatric cardiac surgical centre during the most stressful episode of their care. This is particularly difficult when mothers have just given birth and the baby's condition is complex. 12 Paediatric Intensive Care Unit (PICU) beds at Glenfield Hospital will be lost. The loss of a specialist PICU will mean that the children's intensive care will cease to be as attractive a place for our clinical teams to work; we are at risk of losing existing staff and find it harder to attract new staff. The above scenario poses the risk of not being able to sustain a children's intensive care service in Leicester with a subsequent domino effect on other specialist paediatric services including children's general surgery, ear nose and throat surgery, metabolic medicine, fetal and respiratory medicine (for long term ventilated children), children's cancer and the neonatal units. Neighbouring hospitals currently supported by the specialist teams in Leicester are at risk of no longer be able to look for support for their more complex patients from within the East Midlands. These include hospitals in Burton, Coventry, Kettering, Northampton and Peterborough.	nonomic/Property loss	Weekly staff communications briefings. Regular staff 'open' meetings to provide opportunity for concerns to be raised. Dedicated EMCHC project manager recruited. Dedicated project campaign resourced. Data manager employed to monitor EMCHC KPIs and performance. Legal advice instructed (Sharing the same legal team with Brompton Hospital). Opening additional ward capacity to meet the commissioning cardiac standards. UHL performance recognised by the Care Quality Commission who, in their initial feedback letter following their inspection in June 2016, reported: "We noted the excellent clinical outcomes for children following cardiac surgery at Glenfield Hospital. EMCHC website developed High priority activity strategy to meet the standard of 375 cases per year Trust Board led challenge to reject the NHSE decision by way of a signed letter by the CEO (05/07/16). NHS England visit to Leicester QC to brief the legal options to the TB in Oct 2016 Expansion of Ward 30 to open an extra 7 beds Liaising with East Midlands MP's	Extreme	Preparation ahead of the public consultation - due 31/3/17 Invitation for cardiac referrals to network hospitals - due 28/2/17	Nicola Savage

CMG (Risk ID)	Risk Title Opened			Risk subtype		Impact	ihood		Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Corporate Nursing 2403	management	3/02/2017	Causes National guidance from the Health and Safety Executive advise that water management should fall under the auspices of hospital infection Prevention (IP) teams. Lack of clarity in UHL water management policy/plan since the award of the Facilities Management contract to Interserve and the previous assurance structure for water management has been removed had meant that a suitable replacement has not yet been implemented. As of May 2016 Interserve no longer provide Facilities Management Services for UHL. The systems and process for water management are being reviewed. This review is expected to be complete by February 2017 Consequences Resources not identified at local (i.e. ward/ CMG) or corporate (e.g. Interserve /IPC) level to perform flushing of water outlets leading to infection risks, including legionella pneumophila and pseudomonas aeruginosa to patients, staff and visitors from contaminated water. Non-compliance with national standards and breeches in statutory duty including financial penalty and/or prosecution of the Chief Executive by the HSE Adverse publicity and damage to reputation of the Trust and loss of public confidence Loss/interruption to service due to water contamination Potential for increase in complaints and litigation cases	,	Instruction re: the flushing of infrequently used outlets is incorporated into the Mandatory Infection Prevention training package for all clinical staff. Infection Prevention inbox receives all positive water microbiological test results and an IPN daily reviews this inbox and informs affected areas. This is to communicate/enable affected wards/depts to ensure Interserve is taking necessary corrective actions. Flushing of infrequently used outlets is part of the Interserve contract with UHL and this should be immediately reviewed to ensure this is being delivered by Interserve All Heads of Nursing have been advised through the Nursing Executive Team and via the widely communicated National Trust Development Action Plan (following their IP inspection visit in Dec 2013) that they must ensure that their wards and depts are keeping records of all flushing undertaken and this must be widely communicated Monitoring of flushing records has been incorporated into the CMG Infection Prevention Toolkit (reviewed quarterly). Senior Infection Prevention Nurse working with Facilities.	Major	Almost certain	Senior infection prevention nurse working with Facilities around water management arrangements. Backfill funding for this post has been agreed. Recruitment to the infection prevention nursing post due 28/2/17 Revised Water Management Policy and Water Safety Plan approved by the Trust Infection Prevention Committee. Implementation programme to be confirmed by Facilities colleagues - 28/2/17	Elizabeth Collins 4

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title G	Review Date	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE		<u>Likelihood</u> Impact	Action summary Risk Scoore	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
	fection preventi	There is a risk that inadequate management of Vascular Access Devices could result in increased morbidity and mortality	/02/2017 /08/2014	Causes: There is currently no process for identifying patients with a centrally placed vascular access (CVAD) device within the trust. Lack of compliance with evidence based care bundles identified in areas where staff are not experienced in the management of CVAD's. There are no processes in place to assess staff competency during insertion and ongoing care of vascular access devices. Inconsistent compliance with existing policies. Consequences: Increased morbidity, mortality, length of stay, cost of additional treatment non-compliance with epic-3 guidelines 2014, non-compliance with criteria 1, 6 and 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2010 and non-compliance with UHL policy B13/2010 revised Sept 2013, and UHL Guideline B33/2010 2010, non-compliance with MRSA action plan report on outcomes of root cause analyses submitted to commissioners twice yearly	uality	UHL Policies are in place to minimise the risk to patients that staff are required to adhere too. A revised data report is being produced for the January 2017 Trust Infection Prevention Assurance Committee that will provide greater transparency with regard to audit results and allow Clinical Management Group boards and Senior staff the insight into areas that require actions to address poor performance	Almost certain Maior	been discussion with the Nervecentre team developers and this may now be possible. Further discussion to take place - 28/2/17 Development of an education programme relating to on-going care of CVAD's - 28/2/17 Targeted surveillance in areas where low compliance identified via trust CVC audit - Yet to be established due to lack of staff required. For further review by the Vascular Access Committee - 28/2/17 Develop the recommendations of the Vascular Access Committee action plans to increase the Vascular Access Team within the Trust in line with other organisations. Business Case to be submitted within the organisation by the CSI CMG with support from the Assistant Medical Director appointed by the Medical Director to oversee this objective - 28/2/17	ins

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	<u>Likelihood</u> Impact	Action summary Current Risk Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 1 - Cancer. Haematology. Urology. Gastroenterology & Surgery 2471	There is a risk of poor quality imaging due to age of equipment resulting in suboptimal radiotherapy treatment.	/04/2017 /Dec/14	Causes: Using equipment beyond the recommended replacement age. Bosworth was 10 years old in November 2015, national guidance as well as the radiotherapy service specification recommends that LinearAccelerators are replaced after 10 years. Machines older than this are considered technically outdated, less accurate and increasingly unreliable. Manufacturer support is usually withdrawn after about 10 years with serious risk of a major breakdown which may not be repairable due to obsolescence of spare parts. Poor quality images due to deterioration of the imaging panel make it difficult and occasionally impossible to compare planned and set-up positions using the acquired images. This could lead to a geographic miss i.e. incorrect area treated. Unavailability of online correction capability may result in acquisition of several high dose images in order to safely correct and check patient position. These high dose images are used since the ageing technology available on this machine does not support good quality low dose kilovoltage imaging.	ality	Increase in imaging dose (up to 10 MU) to produce a usable image. This however restricts the number of times an image may be repeated (due to dose limits). N.B imaging dose of 1MU is used on the Varian treatment machines. Pre-selection of patients with a reduced imaging requirement are booked on Bosworth. However this list is getting fewer and fewer due to best practice and national guidelines. We have introduced long day working on Varian machines to absorb patients that cannot be treated on Bosworth due to imaging limitations Clear Set-Up instructions plus photographs are provided to treatment staff to aid set-up. These do not fully eliminate the risk due to variable patient stability and condition hence the need for ontreatment imaging. Regular update meetings to check on progress of building works	Likely Major	Replacement of Linac - 30/4/17; Building works underway prior to installation of the new Linac all on schedule. Linac due to be delivered at the end of January 2017. Linac due to be clinical from end of April 2017 following commissioning. NHS England's chief executive Simon Stevens, announced on 6th Dec 2016 that Leicester's Hospitals will receive a new linear accelerator (LINAC) as well as the chance to access a share of £200m of NHS England funding over two years to improve local cancer services. Leicester's Hospitals are part of the first wave of 15 NHS Trusts to benefit from a major national investment in NHS radiotherapy machines.	Lorraine Williams 4

CMG Risk ID	inter	Opened Date		Risk subtype			Target Risk Score Action Action Current Risk Score Likelihood Impact
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2870	Audit of DNACPR form have shown that the discussion with the patient or family is not consistently recorded	27/06/2016	Causes The DNACPR audit undertaken has shown that there is some poor documentation on the form and not fully compliant with the UHL DNACPR policy, which states specifically: All discussion around DNACPR decisions must be documented. If DNACPR decision is made, and there has been no discussion with the individual because the doctor considers that consultation would be distressful and such distress could cause physical or psychological harm, this must be documented in the clinical record. Any DNACPR decisions not made by either Consultant or Associate Specialist are verified within 24 hours. The date for review or no review required must be documented on the DNACPR form document rationale if no decision has taken place with patient and relative/carer. Consequences 1. Patients and relatives are not being informed according to Trust DNACPR policy. 2. Loss of confidence in the Consultant/Medical team/organisation 3. Litigation against trust 4. complaints	ality	UHL DNACPR POLICY Audit of policy Schedule repeat audit - complete Implementation of monthly spot audit - complete	Major	Naior ***All actions completed***

CMG Risk ID	Specialty		Review Date Opened		Risk subtype		Likelihood Impact	e e	Diel Owner
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2819		Risk of lack of ITU and HDU capacity will have a detrimental effect on Vascular surgery at LRI	I/Jun/ 5/04/2	Causes Lack of beds in ITU and HDU available to Vascular Surgery causing delays to complex, high-risk surgery at LRI. Consequences Mental, emotional and physical impact on patients of having their surgery cancelled at very short notice. Clinical risk associated with rupture of the AAA. Negative impact on RTT performance. Loss of income if patient is transferred to another hospital. Negative effect on the reputation/morale of the Department. Risk of incurring financial penalties resulting from potential 28-day breaches following same-day cancellation. Potential to hinder strategic move to secure complex, Level 1 activity from other Trusts in East Midlands (discussions with some Trusts are underway). Waste of Consultant and Theatre Team resource. Vascular Surgery deals with patients who have critical limb ischaemia, aneurysm disease and symptomatic carotid disease and left untreated the outcomes in these patients would be worse than patients with cancer. Patients with these diagnoses are on par with those that have cancer. Vascular Surgery has to achieve the national AAA target which is designed to improve quality of patient care.	uality	Highlighting of ITU bed requirement day before to Gold Meeting attendee by text via Operational Manager Book ITU bed requirement as soon as the need is identified and await confirmation No business continuity plan - patients would need to be sent to another hospital	Likely Major	Daily monitoring and escalation from Vascular Surgeons to GOLD if no ITU bed available - 31.5.17 Monthly monitoring of ITU cancellations via Operational Planning Group - 31.5.17 Monthly reporting of ITU cancellations to CMG quality and safety performance meetings (with Exec) - 31.5.17	Sarah Tavlor

CMG (Risk ID (Review Date Resident		Controls in place mpact	Likelihood	Action summary Target Risk Owner Risk Score
)MG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 1905	treatment which will	Causes of the risk (hazard): Gap in workforce with vacancy for Lung Cancer, Respiratory Consultant Gap in pathologist workforce to review biopsies Rapid Access Lung Clinic at maximum capacity Not all referrals being transferred to Cancer centre in a timely manner or by the correct process Delayed tertiary referrals (>38 days) Unpredictable transfer of Long term Follow Up (LTFU) patients to 62 day pathway Time allocation in standardised protocols for patients on the oncological research pathway Lack of oncology capacity (appointments and treatment availability) Patient Factors - extended holidays, patient cancellations and non attendances Incorrect classification of diagnostic referral (routine rather than urgent) Length of time for complex histopathology reports Consequences of the risk (harm / loss event): Delay in patient commencing treatment Increased patient/relative anxiety at an already stress provoking time Impact on patient experience and quality indicators e.g. Friends and Family test / increase in complaints/litigation Deterioration in individual patient performance status Delays in tumour site referrals within UHL and tertiary sites	Cancer Service Manager in post to manage the lung cancer pathway Weekly Cancer Action Board attended by Cancer Service Manager/General Manager Cancer Service Manager reviews Patient Tracking List (PTL) daily MDT Meetings Weekly PTL meetings with Clinical Lead and Thoracic Head of Service Cancer Service Manager to attend RAL and Thoracic clinics for real-time outcomes Cancer Recovery Action Plan (RAP) Cancer Service Manager meets weekly with Lung Cancer Specialist Nurses Establishment of adhoc clinics Cancer Lead consultant provides support to Service Manager and Cancer Centre Cancer Centre Team support of Lung Tumour site including navigators, management & clinical support Improved communication between Lung Tumour site/Cancer Centre and tertiary sites Cancer Nurse Specialist (CNS) to telephone patients post MDT meeting Implement next steps co-ordinator - 31.12.16 - completion date extended due to recruiment complications, an internal member of staff has been appointed to the role on 6 Dec 16 and there is an expectation the successful candidate will be in post in January 17 complete	k Likely	Review Lung Cancer Specialist Nursing team to identify resource required - 30 Apr 17 Written clinical guidelines for the management of LTFU - 31 May 17 Complete R2R for additional lung cancer nurse - 31 Jul 17

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Action summary Figure 1.5 Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
11G 2 - Re 20	risk assessment is not performed on	/03/2017 /Jun/16	VTE risk assessment form completed to the requirements of National Guidelines (http://guidance. nice.org.uk/CG92) Insufficient communication and reminders of process to relevant staff CDU Medical Clerking Proforma layout results in the VTE	atients (Clinical/Safet	bold red/white sticker.	Likely Major	Review current CDU Medical Clerking proforma and agree changes through correct Trust procedures to ensure the VTE risk assessment form is prominent (12 months of old stock) - 1.10.16 emailed Caroline Baxter for a response - 18.11.16 - An SpR has been identified to review the CDU medical clerking proforma - 31.3.17	Karen Jones

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 4 - Intensive Care. Theatres. Anaesthesia. Pain Management & Sleep (ITAPS) 2193	There is a risk that the ageing theatre estate and ventilation systems could result in an unplanned loss of capacity at the LRI	Causes: The Theatre and Recovery estate and supporting plant(s) are old, unsupported from a maintenance perspective and not fit for purpose. There is recent history of unplanned loss of surgical functionality at the LRI site due to plant failure, problems with sluice plumbing and ventilation. In addition, the poor quality of the floors, walls, doors, fittings and ceilings mean an unfit working environment from a working life, infection prevention and patient experience perspectives. There is insufficient electricity and medical gas outlets per bed. Aged electrical sockets resulting in actual and potential electrical faults - fire in theatres at LRI (Theatre 4) in July 2013. There have been occasions where the cooling system has failed. There are issues with leaking roofs in the theatre estate. Consequences: Periodic failure of the theatre estate (ventilation etc) so elective operating has to cease. Risk of complete failure of the theatre estate so elective and emergency operating has to stop. Increase risk of patient infections. Poor staff morale working in an aged and difficult working environment. Difficulty in recruiting and retaining specialised staff (theatre and anaesthetic) due to poor working environment. Poor patient experience - our most vulnerable patients arrive and are recovered in a dated environment, which does not promote confidence in the service, a sense of professionalism or safety. May impair delivery of life support technologies.		1. Regular contact with plant manufacturers to ensure any possible maintenance is carried out 2. Use of limited charitable funds available to purchase improvements such as new staff room chairs and anaesthetic stools - improve staff morale. 3. TAA building work completed. 4. Recovery area rebuild completed. 5. Compliance with all IP&C recommendations where estate allows. 7. Purchase of new disposable curtains for recovery area, reducing infection risk and improving look of environment.	Major	Likely	Ventilation audit actions to be undertaken as per Trust wide working party - Staged approach - short, medium and long term actions to be monitored monthly. Some remedial works completed in LRI Theatres and some floors and doors repaired and replaced. Higher risk areas have had remedial actions to improve ventilation flow and await results. Higher risk anaesthetic room (TH16) has been tested for nitrous oxide and volatile gases and results demonstrated no risk to patients and staff. On going works and funding to be finalised. Review progress of refurbishment of LRI theatres - 31/03/17 Theatre 7 and place back into service Theatre 18 to enable rolling programme of maintenance for theatre ventilation works required upgrades.	Gaby Harris

Risk ID		Date :	Controls in place	Likelihood		Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 5 - Musculoskeletal & Specialist Surgery (MSK & SS) 2541	There is a risk of reduced theatre & bed capacity at LRI due to increased spinal activity	Causes: Increased spinal activity Workload exceeds capacity Insufficient theatre capacity Reduced bed capacity Insufficient consultant numbers to operate spinal on call rota Inadequate junior doctor numbers Increased activity from out of areas in line with proposal to be regional spinal service Consequences: Financial loss though increased LoS Adverse effect on other trauma theatre and bed capacity Inability to take advantage of increased tariff from #NOF BPT due to knock on effect on capacity Increased morbidity Risk to reputation Risk to CT training programme Claims risk Decreased efficiency from increased split site working Insufficient Orthogeriatric cover for increased activity	Monitoring of morbidity at M&M meetings Trauma Coordinator role implemented Cross organisational meetings with commissioners	Likely Major	Agree way forward for regional spinal service - 31/01/17 Risk to be reviewed at CMG Board 24/02/17 with view to reducing the current rating due to effective controls in place	Carolyn Stokes

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title Open	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype			Current Risk Score Likelihood		Risk Owner Target Risk Score
91 91	Lack of capacity within the ophthalmology service is causing delays that could result in serious patient harm.	Na con Lac Lac Juniup: The Foo Coli Con Ov ten Ris Poo Incu See PP Loc	auses: ationally Ophthalmology services have severe capacity onstraints. ack of capacity within our services due to: ack of Consultant work force unior Doctor decision makers resulting in increased follow- os. he current infrastructure is not fit for purpose ollow-ups not protocol led. onsultant annual leave booking adhoc linic cancellation process unclear, inadequate ommunication and escalation. overbooking of Clinics that are not deliverable as per the emplate and medical availability onsequences: acklog of outpatients to be seen, which continues to grow. isk of high risk patients not being seen/delayed. oor patient outcomes. icreased complaints and potential for litigation, including Ul's that evidence harm. eputation damaged PI compromised ow morale of the whole work force icreased scrutiny from the CQC and CCG's	atients (Clinical/Safet	Outpatient efficiency work ongoing. Further education and information to admin team regarding booking outpatient booking process No further overbooking of clinics all patients to be added to the outpatient waiting listened reviwed weekly by the GM and HOOP. Full recovery plan for improvements to Ophthalmology service are in place. EED Breaches monitored daily via text.	Major	Likely	Risk to be reviewed at CMG Board 24/02/17 with view to increasing the current rating	Clare Rose 8

Specialty CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUBTYPE		Impact	lood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	
5 <u>1</u>	Lack of appropriate medical cover will clinically compromise care or ability to respond in Trauma Orthopaedics	30/10/2015	We are unable to recruit and retain adequate junior (SHO) grade medical staff for our service. Trauma orthopaedics has a small number of Core Trainee posts allocated by HEEM (4-5 posts) with 'Clinical Fellow' doctors from UK or abroad needed to fill the remaining posts. Consequence: 1. Chronic reliance on agency locum appointments to fill posts with severe impact on Pay budget. 2. Effects of transient labour force - poor familiarity and compliance with ward and service procedures, variable work rate, standards of professional practice and team-working, unpredictable overall clinical performance. 3. Increased demand for cover and support from doctors in substantive posts; degraded performance and training opportunities and overall experience for the Core Trainees and Higher Surgical Trainees in post, making the training attachment less attractive and more difficult to recruit into. 4. Substantive 'Trust' Clinical Fellows working alongside agency locum stage on a greatly reduced payscale, resulting in resentment with examples of them resigning to move into agency work instead with further impact on recruitment and retention. 5. Degraded team structure, poorer communication and collaboration across the clinical area, poorer teamworking, general impact on workforce morale, degradation in workrate, lapses in compliance with service procedures and care standards.	ts (Clinical/Satety)	Maintain and improve the training quality and support for Core Trainees so that we retain the HEEM allocations we have (there is no prospect of the number being increased, nor of us regaining FY medical staff). Recruit and retain Clinical Fellows by trying to match their programme to the CT grades as far as possible. Recruit and then retain those locums that prove to be able to perform at a suitable level for the post. Trauma Nurse practitioner professional development programme with mentoring now under development for the 4 TNPs now in post and in readiness for the recruitment of a further 2 now funded (appointment of a futher 2 is planned but as yet unfunded). These NP posts have been profiled to support the delivery of general in-patient orthopaedic and medical care and thereby off-load the junior medical grades. Application submitted for 4 Physician Associate appointments - 2 for ward 32/Ortho-geriatrics & Two PA's are due to start in July 2016 Complete		Likely	Proactive recruitment of Trust posts to cover gaps - Ongoing recruitment drive to fill vacancies, challenges being faced with Visa for candidates.	Carolyn Stokes	

CMG C Risk ID 2	Risk Title	Review Date 3 Opened 1	Description of Risk Causes:	Risk subtype	Controls in place Use of out sourcing in order to make up for reduced	Impact	Action summary Refired Hall Section Summary 1. Review Meeting to be held with GE of all	Risk Owner C Target Risk Score 4
CMG 6 - Clinical Support & Imaging (CSI) 2955	attributed to EMARD are not expediently resolved, Then we will continue to expose patient to the risk of harm	7/03/2017 7/01/2017	Slow and unresponsive radiology reporting system. Unavailability of reports associated with old films / scans.	atients (Clinical/Safety)	service efficiency Conference calls with GE to ensure system faults are expediently brought to their attention for a swift resolution in order to minimise service impact. Continued meetings with GE and IMT to obtain solutions and deadline dates to restore service efficiency. Log of system faults recorded and monitored to ensure developers are finding resolutions in a timely manner.	lajor	outstanding system issues. 2. GE to provide breakdown of reported issues with the EMRAD system and feedback on their resolution (with timescales - although GE have stated some items they will not be able to provide timescale) - 18th Mar 17. 3. GE to upgrade eRC to version 6.05 to rectify performance issues and crashes (to resolve issues with reporting examinations) - Currently due March (GE currently updating timescales as this was originally scheduled for December) - 31 Mar 17 4. GE to resolve pulling of prior images and integration of IDI with UVWEB for loading mammography images - Ongoing and GE have not provided resolution timeframe Awaiting confirmation of dates 5. Review and resolution of system reference data processes and management of central reference data that impacts on patient care - Due to discuss with IT 18th Mar 17, no resolution date agreed 18 Mar 17	Cathy Lea 4

Specialty CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Action summary Action Risk Score Current Risk Score Likelihood Likelihood	Risk Owner
oss Sectional Imaging (CT/MRI) MG 6 - Clinical Support & Imaging (CSI) 06	backlog of unreported images in plain film chest and abdomen could result in a clinical incident	/Mar/17 /07/2009	Causes Backlog of unreported images on PAC'S (Plain Film, CT, MRI) which could lead to a major clinical risk incident and a potential for litigation and adverse media publicity. Royal College Radiologists guidelines state that all images should be reported IRMER require all images involving ionising radiation to be clinically evaluated Consequences Risk of suboptimal treatment Potential for patient dissatisfaction / complaint Potential for litigation	linical	Ongoing reporting by radiologists and reporting radiographers Allocation of CT/MRI examinations to a intended radiologist or specialty group House keeping done by clerical and superintendents to ensure images are visible on PACS. Outsourcing overdue reporting to medica.	Major	Housekeeping of unreported work by Superintendents - 30/Mar/2017 Use external company for plain xray - 30/Mar/2017	ARI
Pharmacy CMG 6 - Clinical Support & Imaging (CSI) 2378	There is a risk that Pharmacy workforce capacity could result in reduced staff presence on wards or clinics	/Mar/17 //06/2014	Causes: High levels of vacancies and sickness High levels of activity Training requirements for newly recruited staff Consequences: There is a risk that arises because of pharmacy workforce capacity across multiple teams which will result in reduced staff presence on wards or clinics, as well as capacity for core functions. This will result in reduced prescription screening capacity and the ability to intervene to prevent prescribing errors and other medicines governance issues in a number of areas including some high risk.	ו	extra hours being worked by part time staff, payment for weekend commitment / toil and reduction in extra commitments where possible team leaders involved in increased 'hands' on delivery staff time focused on patient care delivery (project time, meeting attendance reduced) Prioritisation of specific delivery issues e.g. high risk areas and discharge prescriptions, chemo suite. Reduced presence at non direct patient focused activities e.g. CMG board/ Q&S and delay projects / training where possible. Revised rotas in place to provide staff/ service based on risk Recruit 8A pharmacists to replace those promoted to 8B Release band 3 staff to support onc/haem satellite	Major	Review methotrexate from LRI and move onto chemocare - 31/03/2017 payment offered for additional slots to cover weekend and late night gaps - until 31/3/2017 Recruitment of band 5 and band 7 to vacancies - 30/4/2017	Claire Ellwood

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	o e	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 7 - Women's and Children's (W&C)		There is a risk of inadequate numbers of Junior Doctors to support the clinical services within Gynaecology & Obstetrics	/02/2017 /06/2014	Causes: Currently there are not enough Junior Doctors on the rota to provide adequate clinical cover and service commitments within the specialties of Gynaecology & Obstetrics. Consequences: Impact on key objectives and delivery of service. Potential to lose Junior Drs training within the CMG. Reduced training opportunities and inconsistencies in placements. On call rota gaps/ Increased requirement for locums to fill gaps. Possibility for LETB to remove training accreditation within obstetrics and gynaecology. This will lead to the removal of training posts. Potential for mismanagement / delay in patients treatment/pathway.	atients (Clinical	Locums used where available. Specialist Nurses being used to cover the services where possible and appropriate. Update 17/2/16 All antenatal clinics have a Consultant Lead present Rota accomodated to address specific training needs of juniors Rota reviewed and monitored on a daily basis by Dr representative Consultants act down if required X2 wte MTI to be recruited from overseas via RCOG	Likely Maior	Commencement of Post CCT Fellow due 28/2/2017 Commencement Trust Fellow from overseas due 28/2/2017 Commencement of a Senior Trainee in robotic surgery (Gynae) - due 28/2/17	Cornelia Wiesender
	aediatrics	of all qualified nurses working in the		Causes The Children's Hospital is currently experiencing a shortfall in the number of Children's registered nurses. This is due to high numbers of vacancies and staff on maternity leave and long term sickness. Consequences There is a short fall in the number of appropriately qualified children's nurses in the Children's Hospital which could impact on the quality of patient care.	sources	Where possible the bed base is flexed on a daily bases to ensure we are maintaining our nurse to bed ratios There is an active campaign to recruit nurses locally, national and internationally Additional health care assistance have been employed to support the shortfall of qualified nurses. Specialise Nurses are helping to cover ward clinical shifts. Cardiac Liaison Team cover Outpatient clinics Overtime, bank & agency staff requested Head of Nursing, Lead Nurse, Matron and ECMO Coordinator cover clinical shifts Adult ICU staff cover shifts where possible Recruitment and retention premium in place to reduce turn-off of staff Part time staff being paid overtime Program in place for international nurses in the HDU and Intensive Care Environment Second Registration for Adult nurses in place	Likely Major	Completion of a period of perceptorship for new international qualified nurses - due 28/02/2017 Continue to recruit to remaining vacancies - due 28/02/17 Second Registration cohort to complete course - due Sep 2017	HKI HKI

Specialty CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Action summary Ourrent Risk Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Communications 2394	No IT support for the clinical photography database (IMAN)	/Feb/1 /Jul/1	Cause: IMAN stores the clinical photographs taken by the clinical photographers on behalf of clinical staff requesting them and form part of the patient's medical record. It contains >60,000 images of >9,000 patients since 2009. The hardware is supported by IM&T but is now out of warranty. The application software is no longer supported by its creator SEARCH Technologies (since April 2014). Consequence: If a fault were to occur with the database we cannot fix it. Clinicians would not be able to view the photographs of their patients. Patient safety will be jeopardised.	linical/Safety)	IM&T hardware support; IM&T Integration & Development team best endeavours to support the application software; separate backup of images on Apple server in Medical Illustration. Project brief published Nov 2014 for new database. Funding from IM&T agreed April 2015. Functional Specification for new system published Sep 2015. IM&T project support Oct 2015. IM&T project manager appointed Nov 2015. IM&T Functional Spec complete Dec 2015. Tender prepared Feb 2016. Supplier demos held Nov 2016. Supplier chosen Dec 2016.	<u>Likely</u> Maior	Tender document issued July 2016. Supplier responses received in Aug 2016. IM&T support agreed Oct 2016. Supplier demos completed by end Nov 2016. Preferred supplier chosen Dec 2016. Final costs being agreed Jan 2017. Funding sought from IM&T/RIC Jan -Feb 2017.	Simon Andrews

Risk ID	Specialty CMG	Risk Title	Review Date Opened		Risk subtype			ihood		Risk Owner Target Risk Score	
2237	Comorate Medical	There is a risk of results of outpatient diagnostic tests not being reviewed or acted upon resulting in patient harm	/04/2017 //Oct/13	Causes Outpatients use paper based requesting system and results come back on paper and electronically. Results not being reviewed acknowledged on IT results systems due to; Volume of tests. Lack of consistent agreed process. IT systems too slow and 'lock up'. Results reviewed not being acted upon due to; No consistent agreed processes for management of diagnostic test results. Actions taken not being documented in medical notes due to; Volume of work and lack of capacity in relation to medical staff. Lack of agreed consistent process. Referrals for some tests still being made on paper with no method of tracking for receipt of referral, test booked or results. Poor communication process for communicating abnormal results back to referring clinician; Abnormal pathology results- cannot always contact clinician that requested test and paper copies of results not being sent to correct clinicians or being turned off to some areas. Suspicious imaging findings- referred to MDT but not always also communicated back to clinician that referred for test. Lack of standards or meeting standards for diagnostic tests in imaging for time to test and time to report.	itients (Clinical/Safety)	Abnormal pathology results escalation process Suspicious imaging findings escalated to MDTs Trust plan to replace iCM (to include mandatory fields requiring clinicians to acknowledge results). Diagnostic testing policy approved.	Major	Likely	Awaiting ICE upgrade and implementation in outpatients - Update, Delivery date for ICE pilot roll out in TBC in near future Dr Steve Jackson and Ann Hall Project Manager will keep corporate risk management team aware - 30/04/17	Angie Doshani	

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype		Likelihood Impact	o l	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
13 to 15	There is a risk that a significant number of RN vacancies in UHL could affect patient safety	/Apr/17 /10/2013	Causes: Shortage of available Registered Nurses (RN) in Leicestershire. Nursing establishment review undertaken resulting in significant vacancies due to investment. Insufficient HRSS Capacity leading to delays in recruitment. Consequences: Potential increased clinical risk in areas. Increase in occurrence of pressure damage and patient falls. Increase in patient complaints. Reduced morale of staff, affecting retention of new starters. Risk to Trust reputation. Impact on Trust financial position due to premium rate staffing being utilised to maintain safety. Increased vacancies across UHL. Increased pay bill in terms of cover for establishment rotas prior to permanent appointments. HRSS capacity has not increased to coincide and support the increase in vacancies across the Trust. Delays in processing of pre employment checks due to increased recruitment activity. Delayed start dates for business critical posts. Benefits of bulk and other recruitment campaigns not being realised as effectively as anticipated and expected. Service areas outside of nursing being impacted upon due to emphasis on nursing roles.	atients (Clinical/Safet	HRSS structure review. A temporary Band 5 HRSS Team Leader appointed. A Nursing lead identified. Recruitment plan developed with fortnightly meetings to review progress. Vacancy monitoring. Bank/agency utilisation. Shift moves of staff. Ward Manager/Matron return to wards full time.	Likely Maior	We have reviewed the recruitment process for HCA, recruited 125 to commence November 28th with a further plan to over recruit. Vacancies for HCAs in December 2016 were reported as 12wte We are not only recruiting nurses from EU, but are now going to India and the Philippines also, this recruitment has commenced, with all interviews completed, over 200wte nurses offered posts. These nurses will commence in post and impact on the vacancies from August 2017. TRAC is being implemented across the organisation to support streamlined recruitment Review 30/04/17	Maria McAuley 12

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened		Risk subtype		Likelihood Impact		Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Operations 1693	There is a risk of inaccuracies in clinical coding resulting in loss of income	./2017 .g/11	Causes: Casenote availability and casenote documentation. High workload (coding per person above national average). Unable to recruit enough staff to trained coder posts (band 4/5) Inaccuracies / omissions in source documentation (e.g. case notes and discharge summaries may not include comorbidities, high cost drugs may not be listed). Coding proformas/ tick lists designed (LiA scheme and previously) but not widely used. Electronic coding (Medicode Encoder) implemented February 2012 but has no support model with IM&T. Consequences: Loss of income (PbR) £2-3 million potential (as at 31st May 2016). Non- optimisation of HRG. Loss of Trust reputation.	nonomic/Pro	trainees who commenced in 2015 have moved into trained Coder role (band 4). A Trainee Trainer has been appointed who will train to become our in-house	.ikely Maior	Provision of accommodation for expanded Coding Team - 31/03/17 Work with CMGs / ward clerks to maximise transfer of casenotes to Clinical Coding - 31/03/17 Establish comprehensive IT support model for Medicode - 31/03/17 Discontinue use of Agency Coders - 31/07/17	Shirley Priestnall

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2872	There is a risk of bedded bariatric patients being trapped compromising fire evacuation on ward 15 at GGH	31/Mar/17 27/06/2016	Causes The two final exit doors to fresh air do not have sufficient exit width in order to facilitate the movement of bedded bariatric patients. Also there is a gradient on both escape routes. There must not be excessive gradients on escape routes which would prevent the free and controlled movement of the bariatric patients on beds/trolleys/wheelchairs. The gradients on the two escape routes from the final exits to fresh air will be difficult to overcome as Ward 15 is located at lower ground floor level. If bedded bariatric patients cannot use the two final exit doors they will need to be evacuated via the lift provided which is located in the means of escape outside the Ward; however this lift does not meet the appropriate standard to be used as an evacuation or fire fighting lift. Due to the nature of the patients (Respiratory), evacuating them directly to fresh air is not an ideal method of evacuation; the majority of the patients may also be bedded. It is important that the impact of evacuating respiratory patients directly to fresh air, taking into account all weather conditions, is assessed for suitability in regards to clinical needs. The Ward is currently used for up to 30 Respiratory patients and can accommodate a maximum of three bariatric patients at any one time.		Early warning fire detection system fitted (L1). The Ward is designed as a one hour fire compartment divided into four 30 minute subcompartments; allowing a progressive horizontal phase evacuation within the Ward area. Staff awareness of the risk and staff attend annual fire safety training Fire evacuation plans in place for the Ward to include transfer of bedded bariatric patients to chairs where possible. Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans for patients considered to be at risk (in conjunction with the UHL Fire safety officer). LFRS Western Fire Brigade aware and have this included in their action cards when attending Glenfield site.		Possible	Estates to provide quote to upgrade lift to a suitable dedicated evacuation lift to move bedded bariatric patients from the area - 31.3.17 Estates to provide quote to install a new fire escape in bay 2 - 31.12.16 - Update 18 Jan 2017 - Risk Owner has sent an email to estates and facilities requesting a progress update on the two remaining actions. Update 13.2.17 - We have received the Compliance Analyses Report from our consultants and there many areas highlighted that indicate unsuitability for hosting Bariatric Patients on this ward. The report highlights not just fire risk/evacuation concerns but also health and safety issues for staff/patients and patients. There also clinical operational issues that indicate the area unsuitable for these patients at this time according to the relevant compliance documentation. Taking guidance from this report, to bring the Ward into a condition fit for this category of patient will require a considerable capital outlay and an exdended period of works both in and around the ward area.	Vicky Osborne 6

CMG Risk ID	Special ty		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Risk Owner Target Risk Score Current Risk Score
CMG 3 - Emergency & Specialist Medicine (ESM) 2837	There is a risk of delay in acting upon monitoring investigation results in patients with multiple sclerosis.	Causes All results are sent as a paper copy to the named consultant's in-tray. There is duplication of workload as results are sent to the same consultant more than once in the space of 2 months even if a result has been noted, acted upon, a letter dictated and filed. The number of patients with multiple sclerosis on disease modifying therapies (DMT) requiring monitoring has significantly increased year on year to now around 500 patients. The number of disease modifying therapies available has increased by 4 in the past year to 12 different options. Each of these disease modifying therapies have varying frequency of blood test and other monitoring investigations. The resulting complexity of monitoring requirements and number of tests sent in the internal post as paper results to be checked by the MS team (2 consultant neurologists and 1.6 WTE MS nurses) increases the risk of results being mislaid or an unacceptable delay in reviewing and acting upon results. Consequences Abnormal results could be missed resulting in serious harm to patients from consequences of drug toxicity or life-threatening complications. Breaching recommended monitoring standards risks patient safety and increases the likelihood of adversely impacting on the reputation of the Trust. Duplication of work, less efficient use of time. Unsustainable increased workload for MS specialist nurses and consultants - adverse impact on staff health.	atients (Clinical/Safety)	"Paper results for blood, urine tests and MRI scans are sent to consultant. "Face-to-face outpatient clinic reviews by doctors or MS nurses.	Possible Extreme	

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	P	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 5 - Musculoskeletal & Specialist Surgery 2769	There is a risk of cross infection of MRSA as a result of unscreened emergency patients being cared for in the same ward bays	/Mar/- /Feb/-	Cause: Emergency patients being admitted to the wards and a lack of capacity to segregate screened and unscreened patients. Cross infection due to MRSA. Consequence: Patient could acquire MRSA infection/bacteraemia.	tients (Clinical	Screening on admission for all emergency surgical admissions. Topical MRSA suppression treatment for all patients (antibacterial daily wash and antibacterial nasal ointment). Standard UHL precautions - hand hygiene/decontamination of equipment. Prompt identification of known MRSA carriers to initiate isolation precautions	Extreme Extreme	***All Actions Completed***	Kate Ward
CMG 6 - Clinical Support & Imaging (CSI)	No comprehensive out of hours on call rota and PM cover for consultant Paediatric radiologists	Mar/17 /06/2009	Causes: There are Consultant Radiologists on call however there are not sufficient numbers to provide an on call service. Registrars are available but they have variable experience. Lack of cover for PM work Consequences: Delays for patients requiring Paediatric radiological investigations. Sub-optimal treatment. Paediatric patients may have to be sent outside Leicester for treatment. Potential for patient dissatisfaction / complaints. Consultants are called in when they are not officially on call and they take lieu time back for this, resulting in loss of expertise during the normal working day. Delays in reports for Pathology and Coroner	atients	To provide as much cover as possible within the working time directive. Registrars cover within the capability of their training period. Other Radiologists assist where practical however have limited experience and are unable to give interventional support. Locums are used when available.	Almost certain Moderate	Review out of hours provision for EM 30 Mar 2017 Due to maternity leave and the possibility of the withdrawal of the locum service due to funding this has been increased due to the greater risk of lack of cover. Reviewed at OPS 10.01.2017. RG 20.01.17	Rona Gidlow

Risk ID	ialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Action summary Action summary Action summary Action summary	ı
0	athology - Blood Transfusi	the Blood Transfusion	/02/2 /May/	Causes: Staffing issues caused by turnover of staff (retirements / leavers). Post planning process poor - local and national shortages of qualified staff (BMS). Internal recruitment processes causing significant delay. Consequences: Possibility of temporary closure of satellite blood banks (LGH). Adverse impact on patient experience for patients requiring urgent transfusion (out of hours). Non-delivery of key acute services. Increased risk of claim /complaint. Adverse media attention / loss of reputation. Staff working extra shifts and more hours - fatigue;stress; non compliance with EWTD	ıman	Full 24/7 rota implemented. Voluntary rota for spare sessions - sickness leave etc. Full rota has created additional sessions as satellite laboratories to comply with 24/7 working. Associate practitioners included in early and late roster sessions Associate practitioners to cover entire night at LRI Phased extended contractual hours 8 to 8 B.S & B.Transfusion Phased extended day B Transfusion to 23:00 Employed Bank/Locum BMS staff to cover short term deficiencies in rota Investigate additional lean working options to reduce pressure on laboratory staff. Introduced a forced rota Multi discipline staff to assist cover overnight B.S(24/7) at LRI Retrained Lab Manager One-off training Risk assessed the process of a "Plan B" 24/7 Rotas with voluntary sessions in place from May 2012 2 new BMS band 5 staff recruited 24/09/2012 - to complete local competecy training Feb 2013 Introduction of cross cover form NUH to support UHL BT Roster - limited cover at present (Oct 2013)	Possible Extreme	Recrruitment of additional/replacement staff to maintain Service 15/02/2017.To review and re-asses capacity within depts, to move staff for multi disciplinary training - 15/02/17 Risk 510 - Update from HA/BD 20/1/17 - Implementation of the transformation plan to develop a resilient staffing structure is well underway. The dedicated trainer position was re-advertised and interviews are scheduled for 26th January. Interviews for the additional band 6 posts are scheduled for the 31st January. The additional band 5 and band 2 posts will be out to advert by the 31st January – next review 15/2/17	

CMG Risk ID		Review Date		Risk subtype		Controls in place	Impact	lihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
)65 MG	Windsor pharmacy	/Mar/17	Causes: Insufficient floor space within Windsor pharmacy - unable to adequately provide secure storage to meet pharmaceutical demands for the LRI site. There are acute issues with accommodating new treatments or changes to medications that require an increase in storage demands. Insufficient cold storage for pharmaceuticals - Fridges over capacity. Year on year increase in requirements for storage/fridge/freezer space due to changing product linesthis is not a new issue, but significant increase in scale and frequency of issue within Q3 and rapidly worsening position.	linical	Additional fridges Direct delivery of possible.	al of non-pharmaceutical products to charmaceutical consumables to containers. spurchased to maximum capacity. IV fluids to ward areas where strol visits with reports monitored.	Moderate	Almost certain	Complete Phase 2 of aseptic unit/pharmacy stores redevelopment as per existing business case and 17/18 capital plan - March 2018 Review fridge capacity and where necessary purchase additional fridges once space available through redevelopment (identified within 17/18 plans) - March 2018 Review stockholding-pilot of managed stockholding reduction - Feb 2017 Identify additional stockholding area external to pharmacy (SUP request submitted and response awaited) Identify items that can be stored out of dept and/or on an alternative site to release capacity - March 2017 Implement identified plans to maximise fridge capacity to temporarily mitigate -scope opportunities for further fridges within current space and temporarily use of fridges designated for clinical trials use - March 2017	

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK Subtype			Action summary Reference of the summary Re	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 7 - Women's and Children's (W&C) 2601	in gynaecology patient	/Mar/17 /08/2015	Causes: An increase in the number of referrals to gynaecology services. 1.0 wte vacancy of an audio typist. Bank and Agency staff being used to reduce typing backlog are not consistent especially during holiday periods. In addition delays can occur due to Consultants working cross-site and not accessing results promptly in order for the letters to be completed. Consequences: Delay in timely appointment letters to patients Delay in patients receiving results Delay in patients receiving follow up appointments Breach in the Trust standard for typing and sending out of patients letters (48 hours maximum time from date of dictation) As at 21/08/15 - there is a delay in gynaecology correspondence to the patient of: 8 weeks following a general gynaecology appointment at LRI 8 weeks for 1st appointment letters for Colposcopy at LRI 1 week and 5 days for colposcopy result letters at LRI 10 days for communication to GP with regards to the patient.	uality	2 week wait clinics or any letters highlighted on Windscribe in red are typed as urgent. Weekly admin management meeting standing agenda item: typing backlog by site also by Colposcopy and general gynaecology. Using Bank & Agency Staff. Protected typing for a limited number of staff.	Moderate	Clearance of backlog of letters - due 31/3/2017	DMAR 6

CMG Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype		ent Risk Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Estates & Facilities 2925	1	Reduction in capital funding may lead to a failure to deliver the 2016/17 medical equipment capital replacement programme	/02/2017 /08/2016	Causes Reduction in capital funding due to the requirement to deliver the UHL deficit control total for 2016/17 Consequences Failure to replace all capital medical equipment items previously agreed for the 2016/17 plan Increased risk of patient harm if equipment becomes unsafe Delays to treatment and potential adverse impact on RTT targets/ waiting times Unanticipated expenditure due to increased frequency of equipment breakdown or requirement for urgent replacement if beyond economic repair Equipment becomes technologically inadequate Risk of adverse media attention and loss of reputation	Jality	Extreme		Darryn Kerr 10

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	k Score	
Corporate Nursing 2402	There is a risk that inappropriate decontamination practice may result in harm to patients and staff	28/02/2017 19/08/2014	Causes: Endoscope Washer Disinfector (EWD) reprocessing is undertaken in multiple locations within UHL other than the Endoscopy Units. These areas do not meet current guidelines with regard to a.Environment b.Managerial oversight c.Education and Training of staff There is decontamination of Trans Vaginal probes being undertaken within the Women's CMG and Imaging CMG according to historical practice, that is no longer considered adequate. Bench top sterilisers within Theatres continue to be used. The use of these sterilisers is monitored by an AED. Purchase of Equipment is not always discussed with the Decontamination Committee. Consequences: Lack of oversight of Decontamination practice across the Trust Equipment purchased may not be capable of adequate decontamination if not approved by Infection Prevention Current Endoscope Washer Disinfectors (EWD) reprocessing locations (other than endoscopy units) are unsatisfactory. All of the above having the potential for inadequately decontaminated equipment to be used Patient harm due to increased risk of infection Risk to staff health either by infection or chemical exposure Reputational damage to the organisation Financial penalty Risk of litigation	Patients (Clinical/Safety)	Surgical instrument decontamination outsourced to third party provider. Joint management board and operational group oversee this contract. The endoscopy units undergo Joint Advisory Group on GI endoscopy (JAG) accreditation. This is an external review that includes compliance with decontamination standards. Current policy in place for decontamination of equipment at ward level. Equipment cleanliness at ward level is audited as part of monthly environmental audits and an annual Trust wide audit is carried out. Benchtop sterilisers are serviced by a third party Endoscope washer disinfectors are serviced as part of a maintenance contract Lead for Decontamination and Infection prevention team are auditing current decontamination practice within UHL. The responsibility for Decontamination within UHL is shared by the ITAPS Head of Operations and the Director of Infection Prevention (Chief Nurse) A Lead for Decontamination has been appointed a who will report to the CMG Head of Operations/DIPAC and be supported in this role by the Lead for Infection Prevention and the Infection Prevention Team. The postholder also has the responsibility for the Synergy contract (third party provider for instrument reprocessing) This arrangement ensures a cohesive overview of decontamination arrangments across the organisation and provides appropriate professional support for this role		Complete full review of decontamination practice within UHL and make recommendations for future practice - 28/2/17 Review all education and training for staff involved in reprocessing reusable medical equipment - 28/2/17	Elizabeth Collins

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype		Likelihood Impact	Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Operations 2774	outpatient letters following consultations	<mark>/01/2017</mark> //01/2016	sending letters. Lack of monitoring processes and oversight when performance falls below standard expectations. Problems with access to equipment in clinics making it more	atients (Clinical/Sa	in order to help support improved outcomes. Differing performance monitoring mechanisms by	Almost certain Moderate	Following review of the current systems for generating outpatient letters within the Trust it was identified there was an opportunity to implement a coordinated approach to systems within CMGs to improve turnaround times and reduce backlogs. At the July EPB it was agreed the trust would move away from multiple dictation systems to a maximum of three. 1 for outsourced typing 1 for insourced typing and 1 for voice recognition. In the short term each CMG has put together an action plan to meet the 14 day turnaround standard. These are monitored at the outpatient programme board and are currently on track. We are also monitoring this through the quality commitment. Tender awaiting sign-off by IT (EPB) - due 31/01/17	William Monaghan 6